

FOR CONSIDERATION November 9, 2015

TO:

The Directors

FROM:

Thomas P. Dee

SUBJECT:

Buffalo Outer Harbor Access & Activation Civic Project

REQUEST FOR:

Civic Project Findings Pursuant to Sections 10 (d) and (g) of the UDC Act; Adoption of a General Project Plan; Authorization to Hold a Public Hearing Under Section 16 of the UDC Act; A Determination of No

Significant Effect on the Environment; and Authorization to Take

Related Actions

GENERAL PROJECT PLAN

Project Summary

Project Sponsor: The Erie Canal Harbor Development Corporation ("ECHDC" or the

"Corporation"), a subsidiary of the New York State Urban Development

Corporation d/b/a Empire State Development ("ESD")

Project Location: ECHDC-owned Buffalo Outer Harbor Lands

175, 225, 235, 275, 461, 525, 575, and 901 Fuhrmann Boulevard

Buffalo, New York 14023

"Times Beach Nature Preserve"

69 Fuhrmann Boulevard, Buffalo, New York 14023

Proposed Project: The Project will consist of several capital improvements and

investments which would facilitate increased access and activation of

the City of Buffalo's Outer Harbor area (together the "Project").

Project Completion: December 2018

Estimate Project Cost: \$5,000,000

Anticipated Funding

Source: Buffalo Regional Innovation Cluster

II. Project Cost and Financing Sources

Financing Uses	Estimated Cost	
- Planning/Design/Inspection Costs	\$1,200,000	
- Environmental Remediation	\$900,000	
- Construction	\$2,900,000	
Totals	\$5,000,000	
Financing Sources	Costs	Percent
Buffalo Regional Innovation Cluster		100%
Grant	\$5,000,000	

III. <u>Project Description</u>

A. Background

In September 2013, Governor Andrew Cuomo presented his vision for a dramatic transformation of the City of Buffalo's largely vacant Outer Harbor waterfront. This has included the transfer of approximately 350 acres of waterfront land from the Niagara Frontier Transportation Authority ("NFTA") to ECHDC, whose mission and resources will better enable it to support and expedite the land's redevelopment.

Created through land filling along the Lake Erie shoreline, the NFTA (then the Niagara Frontier Port Authority) had used the northern portion of this property since the late 1950s for outdoor storage of sand, salt, gravel, and other bulk materials, as well as similar industrial port-related activities; these all ceased in the late 1990s. The southern portion of the land has operated as the "NFTA Boat Harbor", a marina for small private boats. In addition, over the last decade, an NFTA-owned inlet south of the marina was progressively improved by NFTA and became known as "Gallagher Beach", which largely facilitated wind surfing and personal watercraft use.

Approximately 190 acres of the transferred Outer Harbor lands, including the NFTA Boat Harbor and Gallagher Beach, is now being operated by the NYS Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation (OPRHP) and has been designated the "Buffalo Harbor State Park". OPRHP is currently advancing a series of efforts to enhance services and activities in this the first state park ever established within the City of Buffalo.

The remaining approximately 160 acres of land north of Buffalo Harbor State Park, together with Wilkeson Point (acquired by ECHDC in 2008 and 2012) and other nearby public lands, would ultimately be improved and used in accordance with a community-driven Buffalo Outer Harbor Blueprint (the "Blueprint"), a long-term plan that was developed in accordance with ECHDC's guiding principles and significant public input. The Blueprint, which describes future land uses and areas for future development/redevelopment, has recently been accepted by the

ECHDC Board of Directors and is being incorporated into the City of Buffalo's Unified Development Ordinance ("Green Code").

In the interim, there are a number of relatively low-disturbance activities that could enhance access and facilitate greater public use/enjoyment of the Outer Harbor pending the implementation of the Blueprint land uses and its subsequent environmental review process by the City of Buffalo. The subject lands have already undergone a number of incremental trail access, clean-up/remediation, and recreational improvements over the last decade while under NFTA ownership, including shore stabilization, new trail systems along the water's edge and along public roads in the area, remediation of former disposal sites, clearance of blighted structures, and periodic programming of activities such as concerts.

The actions under this proposed Civic Project intend to build upon these prior incremental improvements using a "Lighter, Quicker, Cheaper" or "LQC" approach. They would fill in existing access gaps, expand public usage of this great resource, and provide for additional activities that while transient/seasonal, would open public awareness of this seldom-visited part of the City.

B. The Project

The Project will consist of several capital improvements and investments which allow for increased public access and activation of ECHDC-owned Outer Harbor lands (see Figure 1):

Improvement 1: Create Visitor Center/Hub at Bell Slip with a modular installation, including pedestrian and bicycle amenities (i.e., bike racks, benches, trash cans, Adirondack chairs, etc.) to take advantage of the existing parking lot and views.

Improvement 2: Complete bike path, including pedestrian and bicycle amenities (i.e., bike racks, benches, trash cans, Adirondack chairs, etc.) along Terminals A & B property, thereby completing the southern end of the Greenbelt loop. The northern end of the Greenbelt loop was completed in July 2015.

Improvement 3: Redevelop the Michigan Pier into a multi-use flex space and build on the success of Wilkeson Pointe. Clear, cap, and re-grade the approximate 8-acre site to accommodate an Adult Playground, Workout Area, Ropes Course, foot/bicycle paths (doubling as x-country ski trails), cantilevered trail section (doubling as fishing pier), installed railing and a perimeter walkway along the entire edge (doubling as setback), deck, beach, beer garden area, and adult games zone (i.e., horse shoes, bocce courts, pétanque, shuffleboard, volleyball, etc.). This will also include seasonal kiosks or other structures/facilities, recreational fields, pollinator fields, seasonal floating docks, safety ladders and life rings.

Improvement 4: Develop two "overlook" locations adjacent the Bell Slip. Design shall be such that birding, painting, photography, and astronomy (publicly desired activities) could

occur at these locations.

Improvement 5: Install comprehensive signage package from Gallagher Beach to Lighthouse based on the Erie County Shoreline Standards, including ancillary pedestrian and bicycle amenities (i.e., bike racks, benches, etc.) and landscaping features. Highlight key public locations as well as distances thereto.

Improvement 6: Install an Osprey nesting platform in Times Beach Nature Preserve.

Improvement 7: Develop a mountain bike course(s) within a 6-acre area bounded by the Bell Slip, Lake Erie, and Fuhrman Blvd. Given the site's features and proximity to existing paved pathways, a series of unpaved trails (each less than 5 miles in length) and a pump track would be constructed to take advantage of the mature trees and small gently-rolling hills.

The goals/objectives of the Project are directly connected with ECHDC's guiding principles, including:

- Improving seasonal, recreational and tourist access, use and enjoyment of the Outer Harbor;
- Enhancing pedestrian and bicycle access along the Outer Harbor, as well as connecting segments of the existing regional trails network along the Lake Erie waterfront;
- Minimize adverse impacts on communities and the environment by avoiding an inequitable distribution of impacts and maintaining neighborhood and community cohesion.

Upon adoption of this GPP, a public hearing will be held in accordance with the provisions of the UDC Act.

IV. Statutory Basis

Based on the information set forth in this GPP and other due investigation conducted by ECHDC, ECDHC hereby makes the following UDC Act Findings:

A. <u>Civic Project Findings – UDC Act Section 10 (d)</u>

1. There exists in the area in which the Project is to be located, a need for the educational, cultural, recreational, community, municipal, public service or other civic facility to be included in the Project.

Except for recent trail/event access, once NFTA discontinued port activities, this portion of the Lake Erie waterfront has been largely inaccessible to the public for decades. With the recent transfer of Outer Harbor lands from NFTA to ECHDC, this Project would increase the

public's awareness of the space and enhance access to the water's edge, while providing opportunities for educational, cultural and recreational experiences.

The Project also enhances the overall downtown setting for residents and visitors, and therefore provides public benefits to the local community, the City, Erie County and the State.

2. The Project consists of a building or buildings or other facilities which are suitable for educational, cultural, recreational, community, municipal, public service or other civic purpose.

The Project site, already State-owned or City-owned property, has been determined suitable to accommodate the various improvement projects. The Project will provide for various improvements necessary to support public access, connectivity and programming.

3. The Project will be leased to or owned by the state or an agency or instrumentality thereof, a municipality or an agency or instrumentality thereof, a public corporation, or any other entity which is carrying out a community, municipal, public service or other civic purpose, and adequate provision has been, or will be, made for the payment of the cost of the acquisition, construction, operation, maintenance and upkeep of the Project.

It is expected that upon the completion of the Project, ECHDC would retain ownership/title to the improvements, and ECHDC would maintain the Project as part of its overall capital facilities management program.

4. The plans and specifications assure or will assure adequate light, air, sanitation and fire protection.

The plans and specifications will assure that adequate light, air, sanitation and fire protection are provided in the Project. The construction of the Project will conform to all applicable laws, codes, and standards.

B. <u>UDC Act Section 10(g)</u>

No residential or business relocation is required as a result of the Project.

V. Environmental Review

ECHDC, as lead agency, has completed a coordinated environmental review of the Buffalo Outer Harbor Access & Activation Civic Project, pursuant to the requirements of SEQRA and the implementing regulations of the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation. This review found that the proposed project was a Type I Action that would not result in significant adverse impacts on the environment. Therefore, ESD staff recommends that the Directors make a Determination of No Significant Effect on the Environment.

VI. <u>Non-Discrimination and Contractor & Supplier Diversity</u>

ECHDC's Non-Discrimination & Contractor and Supplier Diversity policies will apply to this Project. The selected Consultant(s) and/or Contractor(s) shall be required to include minorities and women in any job opportunities created, to solicit and utilize certified Minority and Women Business Enterprises ("MWBEs") for any contractual opportunities generated in connection with the Project and shall be required to use Good Faith Efforts (pursuant to 5 NYCRR §142.8) to achieve an overall MWBE Participation Goal of 30%. The overall goal shall include a Minority Business Enterprise ("MBE") Participation Goal of 20% and a Women Business Enterprise ("WBE") Participation Goal of 10% related to the total value of ECHDC's funding.

VII. Requested Action

The Directors are requested to (1) make findings and determinations Pursuant to Section 10(d) and 10(g) of the New York State Urban Development Corporation Act of 1968; (2) adopt the Buffalo Outer Harbor Access & Activation General Project Plan; (3) authorize a Public Hearing to be held; (4) make a Determination of No Significant Effect; and (5) take all related actions.

Attachments
Resolutions
Figure 1 - Project Location

ERIE CANAL HARBOR DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION - Buffalo Outer Harbor Access & Activation Civic Project - Civic Project Findings; Adoption of a General Project Plan; Authorization to Hold a Public Hearing; Make a Determination of No Significant Effect; and Authorization to Take Related Actions

RESOLVED, that on the basis of the materials presented to this meeting, a copy of which is hereby ordered filed with the records of the Corporation, relating to the Buffalo Outer Harbor Access & Activation Civic Project (the "Project"), the Corporation hereby finds pursuant to Section 10 of the New York State Urban Development Corporation Act of 1968, as amended (the "Act"):

- (1) that there exists in the area in which the Project is to be located a need for the educational, cultural, recreational, community, municipal, public service or other civic facility to be included in the project;
- (2) that such Project shall consist of a building or buildings which are suitable for educational, cultural, recreational, community, municipal, public service or other civic purposes;
- (3) that such Project will be leased to or owned by the State or an agency or instrumentality thereof, a municipality or an agency or instrumentality thereof, a public corporation, or any other entity which is carrying out a community, municipal, public service or other civic purpose, and that adequate provision has been, or will be made for the payment of the cost of acquisition, construction, operation, maintenance and upkeep of this project;
- (4) that the plans and specifications assure adequate light, air, sanitation and fire protection; and be it further

RESOLVED, that on the basis of the materials presented to this meeting relating to the Project indicating that there are no families or individuals to be displaced from the Project area, the Corporation hereby finds that the requirements of Section 10(g) of the Act are satisfied; and be it further

RESOLVED, that the Corporation does hereby adopt, subject to the requirements of Section 16(2) of the Act, the proposed General Project Plan (the "Plan") for the Project submitted to this meeting, together with such changes therein as the President of the Corporation or his designee(s) may deem appropriate, a copy of which Plan, together with such changes, is hereby ordered filed with the records of the Corporation; and be it further

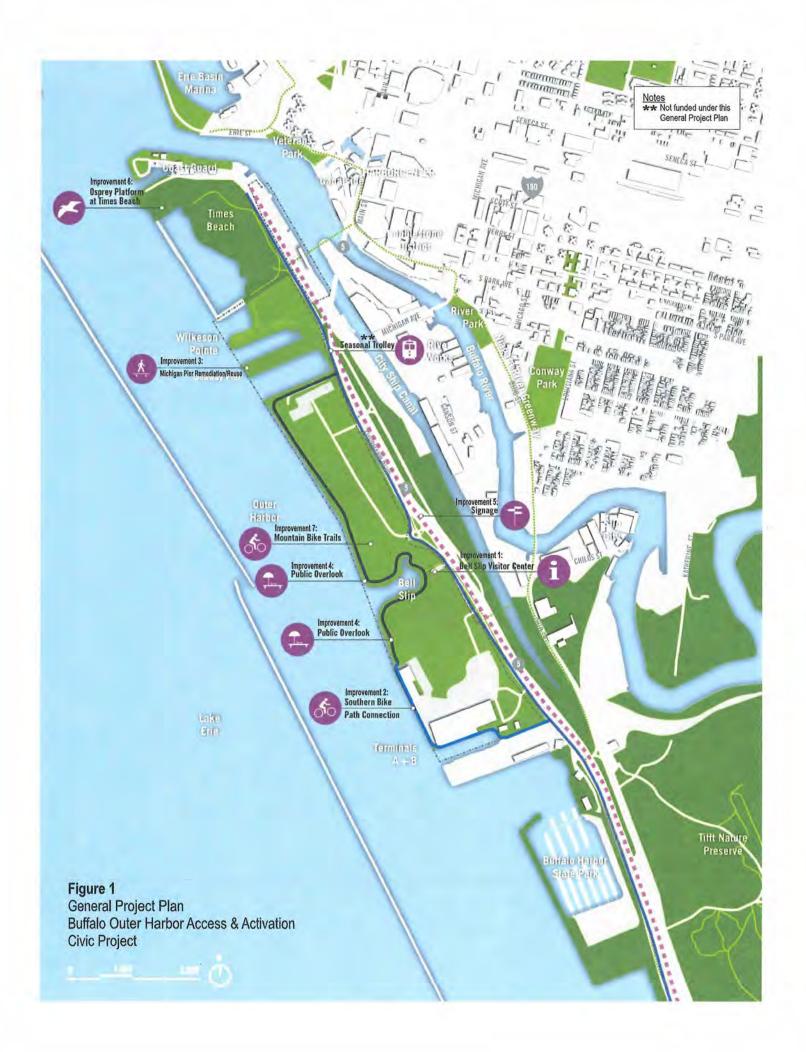
RESOLVED, that upon written finding of the President that no substantive negative testimony or comment has been received at the public hearing held on the Plan, such Plan shall be effective

at the conclusion of such hearing; and be it further

RESOLVED, that the Directors make a Determination of No Significant Effect on the Environment, in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in the materials presented to the Directors at this meeting;

RESOLVED, that the President of the Corporation or his designee(s) be, and each of them hereby is, authorized in the name and on behalf of the Corporation to execute and deliver any and all documents and to take all actions as he or she may in his or her sole discretion consider to be necessary or proper to effectuate the foregoing resolutions.

* * *



Buffalo Outer Harbor Access & Activation Civic Project

Buffalo, New York



State Environmental Quality Review Act Full Environmental Assessment Form and Supporting Documentation

November 2015

Lead Agency

Erie Canal Harbor Development Corporation

Subsidiary of NYS Urban Development Corporation d/b/a Empire State Development 95 Perry Street, 5th Floor Buffalo, NY 14203

Contact

Steven Ranalli, Senior Project Manager 716-846-8200

Buffalo Outer Harbor Access & Activation Civic Project

State Environmental Quality Review Act

Full Environmental Assessment Form and Supporting Documentation

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Full Environmental Assessment Form, Parts 1-3

NYS Dept. of State Coastal Assessment Form

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Full Environmental Assessment Form, Parts 1-3 NYS Dept. of State Coastal Assessment Form

Full Environmental Assessment Form Part 1 - Project and Setting

Instructions for Completing Part 1

Part 1 is to be completed by the applicant or project sponsor. Responses become part of the application for approval or funding, are subject to public review, and may be subject to further verification.

Complete Part 1 based on information currently available. If additional research or investigation would be needed to fully respond to any item, please answer as thoroughly as possible based on current information; indicate whether missing information does not exist, or is not reasonably available to the sponsor; and, when possible, generally describe work or studies which would be necessary to update or fully develop that information.

Applicants/sponsors must complete all items in Sections A & B. In Sections C, D & E, most items contain an initial question that must be answered either "Yes" or "No". If the answer to the initial question is "Yes", complete the sub-questions that follow. If the answer to the initial question is "No", proceed to the next question. Section F allows the project sponsor to identify and attach any additional information. Section G requires the name and signature of the project sponsor to verify that the information contained in Part 1 is accurate and complete.

A. Project and Sponsor Information.

Name of Action or Project:		
Project Location (describe, and attach a general location map):		
Brief Description of Proposed Action (include purpose or need):		
Name of Applicant/Sponsor:	Telephone:	
	E-Mail:	
Address:		
City/PO:	State:	Zip Code:
Project Contact (if not same as sponsor; give name and title/role):	Telephone:	
	E-Mail:	
Address:		
City/PO:	State:	Zip Code:
Property Owner (if not same as sponsor):	Telephone:	
	E-Mail:	
Address:		
City/PO:	State:	Zip Code:

B. Government Approvals

B. Government Approvals, Funding, or Spotassistance.)	nsorship. ("Funding" includes grants, loans, tax	relief, and any other	forms of financial
Government Entity	If Yes: Identify Agency and Approval(s) Required	Application (Actual or p	
a. City Council, Town Board, ☐ Yes ☐ No or Village Board of Trustees			
b. City, Town or Village ☐ Yes ☐ No Planning Board or Commission			
c. City Council, Town or ☐ Yes ☐ No Village Zoning Board of Appeals			
d. Other local agencies □ Yes □ No			
e. County agencies □ Yes □ No			
f. Regional agencies □ Yes □ No			
g. State agencies □ Yes □ No			
h. Federal agencies □ Yes □ No			
i. Coastal Resources.i. Is the project site within a Coastal Area, or	or the waterfront area of a Designated Inland Wat	erway?	□ Yes □ No
ii. Is the project site located in a communityiii. Is the project site within a Coastal Erosion	with an approved Local Waterfront Revitalization Hazard Area?	n Program?	□ Yes □ No □ Yes □ No
C. Planning and Zoning			
C.1. Planning and zoning actions.			
only approval(s) which must be granted to ena • If Yes, complete sections C, F and G.	mendment of a plan, local law, ordinance, rule or ble the proposed action to proceed? mplete all remaining sections and questions in Par	•	□ Yes □ No
C.2. Adopted land use plans.			
a. Do any municipally- adopted (city, town, vil where the proposed action would be located?	lage or county) comprehensive land use plan(s) in	nclude the site	□ Yes □ No
	ecific recommendations for the site where the pro	posed action	□ Yes □ No
	local or regional special planning district (for examated State or Federal heritage area; watershed ma		□ Yes □ No
c. Is the proposed action located wholly or part or an adopted municipal farmland protection If Yes, identify the plan(s):	tially within an area listed in an adopted municipan plan?	d open space plan,	□ Yes □ No

C.3. Zoning	
a. Is the site of the proposed action located in a municipality with an adopted zoning law or ordinance. If Yes, what is the zoning classification(s) including any applicable overlay district?	□ Yes □ No
b. Is the use permitted or allowed by a special or conditional use permit?	□ Yes □ No
c. Is a zoning change requested as part of the proposed action? If Yes,	□ Yes □ No
i. What is the proposed new zoning for the site?	
C.4. Existing community services.	
a. In what school district is the project site located?	
b. What police or other public protection forces serve the project site?	
c. Which fire protection and emergency medical services serve the project site?	
d. What parks serve the project site?	
D. Project Details	
D.1. Proposed and Potential Development	
a. What is the general nature of the proposed action (e.g., residential, industrial, commercial, recreational; if mixed components)?	, include all
b. a. Total acreage of the site of the proposed action? acres	
b. Total acreage to be physically disturbed? acres c. Total acreage (project site and any contiguous properties) owned or controlled by the applicant or project sponsor? acres	
c. Is the proposed action an expansion of an existing project or use?	□ Yes □ No
i. If Yes, what is the approximate percentage of the proposed expansion and identify the units (e.g., acres, miles, square feet)? % Units:	housing units,
d. Is the proposed action a subdivision, or does it include a subdivision?	□ Yes □ No
If Yes, i. Purpose or type of subdivision? (e.g., residential, industrial, commercial; if mixed, specify types)	
ii. Is a cluster/conservation layout proposed?iii. Number of lots proposed?	□ Yes □ No
iv. Minimum and maximum proposed lot sizes? Minimum Maximum	
e. Will proposed action be constructed in multiple phases?i. If No, anticipated period of construction: monthsii. If Yes:	□ Yes □ No
 Total number of phases anticipated Anticipated commencement date of phase 1 (including demolition) month year Anticipated completion date of final phase month year Generally describe connections or relationships among phases, including any contingencies where progress determine timing or duration of future phases: 	

	t include new resid				□ Yes □ No
If Yes, show num	bers of units propo				
	One Family	Two Family	Three Family	Multiple Family (four or more)	
Initial Phase					
At completion					
of all phases				- -	
D 4	1 1 1	• • • • •	1	1	- 77 - 77
	osed action include	new non-residentia	al construction (inclu	iding expansions)?	□ Yes □ No
If Yes,	of structures				
ii Dimensions (in feet) of largest p	ronosed structure:	height	width; andlength	
iii. Approximate	extent of building s	space to be heated	or cooled:	square feet	
				I result in the impoundment of any	□ Yes □ No
				result in the impoundment of any agoon or other storage?	⊔ res ⊔ No
If Yes,	s creation of a water	suppry, reservoir,	, pond, take, waste ia	igoon of other storage:	
	e impoundment:				
ii. If a water imp	e impoundment: oundment, the princ	cipal source of the	water:	☐ Ground water ☐ Surface water stream	s □ Other specify:
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
iii. If other than w	vater, identify the ty	pe of impounded/o	contained liquids and	d their source.	
iv. Approximate	size of the proposed	d impoundment.	Volume:	million gallons; surface area:	acres
v. Dimensions o	f the proposed dam	or impounding str	ructure:	height; length	
				ructure (e.g., earth fill, rock, wood, conc	rete):
D.2. Project Op	erations				
			mine en desdeine de	i	D Van D Na
				uring construction, operations, or both? or foundations where all excavated	□ Yes □ No
materials will r		mon, grading or in	stanation of utilities	or foundations where all excavated	
If Yes:	chiam onsite)				
	rnose of the excava	tion or dredging?			
				be removed from the site?	-
	nat duration of time?				
				ged, and plans to use, manage or dispose	of them.
iv. Will there be	onsite dewatering of	or processing of ex	cavated materials?		□ Yes □ No
y What is the to	otal area to be dredg	ed or excavated?		acres	
vi What is the m	naximum area to be	worked at any one	time?	acres	
		•		feet	
	vation require blast		71 drodging	1001	□ Yes □ No
		1			
				crease in size of, or encroachment	□ Yes □ No
•	ng wetland, waterbo	ody, shoreline, bea	ch or adjacent area?		
If Yes:			66 . 1.6		
				vater index number, wetland map number	
description):					

<i>ii.</i> Describe how the proposed action would affect that waterbody or wetland, e.g. excavation, fill, placemalteration of channels, banks and shorelines. Indicate extent of activities, alterations and additions in square	
iii. Will proposed action cause or result in disturbance to bottom sediments? If Yes, describe:	□ Yes □ No
iv. Will proposed action cause or result in the destruction or removal of aquatic vegetation?If Yes:	□ Yes □ No
acres of aquatic vegetation proposed to be removed:	
expected acreage of aquatic vegetation remaining after project completion:	
purpose of proposed removal (e.g. beach clearing, invasive species control, boat access):	
proposed method of plant removal:	
if chemical/herbicide treatment will be used, specify product(s):	
v. Describe any proposed reclamation/mitigation following disturbance:	
. Will the proposed action use, or create a new demand for water? EYes:	□ Yes □ No
i. Total anticipated water usage/demand per day: gallons/day	
ii. Will the proposed action obtain water from an existing public water supply?	□ Yes □ No
Yes:	
Name of district or service area:	
 Does the existing public water supply have capacity to serve the proposal? 	□ Yes □ No
• Is the project site in the existing district?	□ Yes □ No
• Is expansion of the district needed?	□ Yes □ No
• Do existing lines serve the project site?	□ Yes □ No
ii. Will line extension within an existing district be necessary to supply the project? Yes:	□ Yes □ No
Describe extensions or capacity expansions proposed to serve this project:	
Source(s) of supply for the district:	
iv. Is a new water supply district or service area proposed to be formed to serve the project site? , Yes:	□ Yes □ No
Applicant/sponsor for new district:	
Date application submitted or anticipated:	
Proposed source(s) of supply for new district:	
v. If a public water supply will not be used, describe plans to provide water supply for the project:	
vi. If water supply will be from wells (public or private), maximum pumping capacity: gallons/m	inute.
. Will the proposed action generate liquid wastes?	□ Yes □ No
f Yes:	
i. Total anticipated liquid waste generation per day: gallons/day	
ii. Nature of liquid wastes to be generated (e.g., sanitary wastewater, industrial; if combination, describe a approximate volumes or proportions of each):	
approximate volumes of proportions of each).	
i. Will the proposed action use any existing public wastewater treatment facilities? If Yes:	□ Yes □ No
Name of wastewater treatment plant to be used:	
Name of district:	
• Does the existing wastewater treatment plant have capacity to serve the project?	□ Yes □ No
• Is the project site in the existing district?	□ Yes □ No □ Yes □ No
• Is expansion of the district needed?	

Do existing sewer lines serve the project site?	□ Yes □ No
Will line extension within an existing district be necessary to serve the project?	\square Yes \square No
If Yes:	
Describe extensions or capacity expansions proposed to serve this project:	
<i>iv.</i> Will a new wastewater (sewage) treatment district be formed to serve the project site?	□ Yes □ No
If Yes:	
Applicant/sponsor for new district:	
Date application submitted or anticipated:	
What is the receiving water for the wastewater discharge?	
v. If public facilities will not be used, describe plans to provide wastewater treatment for the project, including spec	ifying proposed
receiving water (name and classification if surface discharge, or describe subsurface disposal plans):	
vi. Describe any plans or designs to capture, recycle or reuse liquid waste:	
e. Will the proposed action disturb more than one acre and create stormwater runoff, either from new point	\square Yes \square No
sources (i.e. ditches, pipes, swales, curbs, gutters or other concentrated flows of stormwater) or non-point	
source (i.e. sheet flow) during construction or post construction?	
If Yes: i. How much impervious surface will the project create in relation to total size of project parcel?	
Square feet or acres (impervious surface)	
Square feet or acres (parcel size)	
ii. Describe types of new point sources.	
iii. Where will the stormwater runoff be directed (i.e. on-site stormwater management facility/structures, adjacent p	roperties,
groundwater, on-site surface water or off-site surface waters)?	
If to surface waters, identify receiving water bodies or wetlands:	
	
Will stormwater runoff flow to adjacent properties?	D Vac D Na
<i>iv.</i> Does proposed plan minimize impervious surfaces, use pervious materials or collect and re-use stormwater?	 □ Yes □ No □ Yes □ No
f. Does the proposed action include, or will it use on-site, one or more sources of air emissions, including fuel	□ Yes □ No
combustion, waste incineration, or other processes or operations?	
If Yes, identify:	
<i>i.</i> Mobile sources during project operations (e.g., heavy equipment, fleet or delivery vehicles)	
ii. Stationary sources during construction (e.g., power generation, structural heating, batch plant, crushers)	
iii. Stationary sources during operations (e.g., process emissions, large boilers, electric generation)	
g. Will any air emission sources named in D.2.f (above), require a NY State Air Registration, Air Facility Permit,	□ Yes □ No
or Federal Clean Air Act Title IV or Title V Permit?	
If Yes:	
i. Is the project site located in an Air quality non-attainment area? (Area routinely or periodically fails to meet	□ Yes □ No
ambient air quality standards for all or some parts of the year) ii In addition to emissions as calculated in the application, the project will generate:	
ii. In addition to emissions as calculated in the application, the project will generate:	
 Tons/year (short tons) of Carbon Dioxide (CO₂) Tons/year (short tons) of Nitrous Oxide (N₂O) 	
 lons/year (short tons) of Nitrous Oxide (N₂O) Tons/year (short tons) of Perfluorocarbons (PFCs) 	
 Tons/year (short tons) of Perhuorocarbons (PFCs) Tons/year (short tons) of Sulfur Hexafluoride (SF₆) 	
 Tons/year (short tons) of Suntir Hexandonide (SF₆) Tons/year (short tons) of Carbon Dioxide equivalent of Hydroflourocarbons (HFCs) 	
Tons/year (short tons) of Carbon Bloxide equivalent of Trydronourocarbons (Tri-Cs) Tons/year (short tons) of Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	

h. Will the proposed action generate or emit methane (including, but not limited to, sewage treatment plants, landfills, composting facilities)? If Yes:		□ Yes □ No
i. Estimate methane generation in tons/year (metric):ii. Describe any methane capture, control or elimination mean electricity, flaring):	asures included in project design (e.g., combustion to ge	enerate heat or
Will the proposed action result in the release of air pollutar quarry or landfill operations? If Yes: Describe operations and nature of emissions (e.g., die proposed action result in the release of air pollutar quarry or landfill operations?		□ Yes □ No
j. Will the proposed action result in a substantial increase in new demand for transportation facilities or services? If Yes: i. When is the peak traffic expected (Check all that apply): □ Randomly between hours of to	☐ Morning ☐ Evening ☐ Weekend 	□ Yes □ No
iv. Does the proposed action include any shared use parking v. If the proposed action includes any modification of exist	<u>5</u> ?	\square Yes \square No
vi. Are public/private transportation service(s) or facilities a vii Will the proposed action include access to public transpo or other alternative fueled vehicles?viii. Will the proposed action include plans for pedestrian or pedestrian or bicycle routes?	ortation or accommodations for use of hybrid, electric	□ Yes □ No □ Yes □ No □ Yes □ No
k. Will the proposed action (for commercial or industrial profor energy?If Yes:i. Estimate annual electricity demand during operation of the		□ Yes □ No
ii. Anticipated sources/suppliers of electricity for the project other):	t (e.g., on-site combustion, on-site renewable, via grid/lo	ocal utility, or
iii. Will the proposed action require a new, or an upgrade to,	an existing substation?	□ Yes □ No
Hours of operation. Answer all items which apply. i. During Construction:	 ii. During Operations: Monday - Friday: Saturday: Sunday: Holidays: 	

 m. Will the proposed action produce noise that will exceed existing ambient noise levels during construction, operation, or both? If yes: i. Provide details including sources, time of day and duration: 	□ Yes □ No
ii. Will proposed action remove existing natural barriers that could act as a noise barrier or screen?Describe:	□ Yes □ No
n Will the proposed action have outdoor lighting? If yes: i. Describe source(s), location(s), height of fixture(s), direction/aim, and proximity to nearest occupied structures:	□ Yes □ No
 ii. Will proposed action remove existing natural barriers that could act as a light barrier or screen? Describe:	□ Yes □ No
o. Does the proposed action have the potential to produce odors for more than one hour per day? If Yes, describe possible sources, potential frequency and duration of odor emissions, and proximity to nearest occupied structures:	□ Yes □ No
p. Will the proposed action include any bulk storage of petroleum (combined capacity of over 1,100 gallons) or chemical products 185 gallons in above ground storage or any amount in underground storage? If Yes: i. Product(s) to be stored ii. Volume(s) per unit time (e.g., month, year)	□ Yes □ No
iii. Generally describe proposed storage facilities:	
 q. Will the proposed action (commercial, industrial and recreational projects only) use pesticides (i.e., herbicides, insecticides) during construction or operation? If Yes: i. Describe proposed treatment(s): 	□ Yes □ No
ii. Will the proposed action use Integrated Pest Management Practices?	□ Yes □ No
r. Will the proposed action (commercial or industrial projects only) involve or require the management or disposal of solid waste (excluding hazardous materials)? If Yes: i. Describe any solid waste(s) to be generated during construction or operation of the facility: • Construction: tons per (unit of time) • Operation: tons per (unit of time) ii. Describe any proposals for on-site minimization, recycling or reuse of materials to avoid disposal as solid waste: • Construction: tons per (unit of time)	□ Yes □ No
Operation:	
 iii. Proposed disposal methods/facilities for solid waste generated on-site: Construction: 	
Operation:	

s. Does the proposed action include construction or mod If Yes:	ification of a solid waste ma	anagement facility?	□ Yes □ No
i. Type of management or handling of waste proposed	for the site (e.g., recycling	or transfer station, composting	, landfill, or
other disposal activities):			
• Tons/month, if transfer or other non-	combustion/thermal treatme	ent. or	
• Tons/hour, if combustion or thermal	treatment	,	
iii. If landfill, anticipated site life:	years		
t. Will proposed action at the site involve the commercia waste?	l generation, treatment, stor	rage, or disposal of hazardous	□ Yes □ No
If Yes:			
i. Name(s) of all hazardous wastes or constituents to be	e generated, handled or mar	naged at facility:	
<i>ii.</i> Generally describe processes or activities involving	hazardous wastes or constitu	uents:	
iii. Specify amount to be handled or generated tiv. Describe any proposals for on-site minimization, rec	ons/month cycling or reuse of hazardou	is constituents:	
v. Will any hazardous wastes be disposed at an existing If Yes: provide name and location of facility:			□ Yes □ No
If No: describe proposed management of any hazardous	wastes which will not be se	ent to a hazardous waste facility	/:
E. Site and Setting of Proposed Action			
E.1. Land uses on and surrounding the project site			
	e project site. dential (suburban) □ Ru r (specify):		
b. Land uses and covertypes on the project site.			
Land use or	Current	Acreage After	Change
Covertype	Acreage	Project Completion	(Acres +/-)
 Roads, buildings, and other paved or impervious surfaces 			
• Forested			
 Meadows, grasslands or brushlands (non- agricultural, including abandoned agricultural) 			
• Agricultural (includes active orchards, field, greenhouse etc.)			
Surface water features			
(lakes, ponds, streams, rivers, etc.)			
Wetlands (freshwater or tidal)			
Non-vegetated (bare rock, earth or fill)			
• Other	 		
Describe:			

c. Is the project site presently used by members of the community for public recreation?	
i. If Yes: explain:	□ Yes □ No
d. Are there any facilities serving children, the elderly, people with disabilities (e.g., schools, hospitals, licensed day care centers, or group homes) within 1500 feet of the project site? If Yes, i. Identify Facilities:	□ Yes □ No
e. Does the project site contain an existing dam?	□ Yes □ No
If Yes:	□ Tes □ No
i. Dimensions of the dam and impoundment:	
• Dam height: feet	
• Dam length: feet	
• Surface area: acres	
• Volume impounded: gallons OR acre-feet ii. Dam's existing hazard classification:	
iii. Provide date and summarize results of last inspection:	
f. Has the project site ever been used as a municipal, commercial or industrial solid waste management facility, or does the project site adjoin property which is now, or was at one time, used as a solid waste management facility Yes:	□ Yes □ No lity?
i. Has the facility been formally closed?	□ Yes □ No
If yes, cite sources/documentation:	
<i>ii.</i> Describe the location of the project site relative to the boundaries of the solid waste management facility:	
iii. Describe any development constraints due to the prior solid waste activities:	
g. Have hazardous wastes been generated, treated and/or disposed of at the site, or does the project site adjoin property which is now or was at one time used to commercially treat, store and/or dispose of hazardous waste? If Yes:	□ Yes □ No
g. Have hazardous wastes been generated, treated and/or disposed of at the site, or does the project site adjoin property which is now or was at one time used to commercially treat, store and/or dispose of hazardous waste?	□ Yes □ No
g. Have hazardous wastes been generated, treated and/or disposed of at the site, or does the project site adjoin property which is now or was at one time used to commercially treat, store and/or dispose of hazardous waste? If Yes: i. Describe waste(s) handled and waste management activities, including approximate time when activities occurr	□ Yes □ No
g. Have hazardous wastes been generated, treated and/or disposed of at the site, or does the project site adjoin property which is now or was at one time used to commercially treat, store and/or dispose of hazardous waste? If Yes: i. Describe waste(s) handled and waste management activities, including approximate time when activities occurr h. Potential contamination history. Has there been a reported spill at the proposed project site, or have any remedial actions been conducted at or adjacent to the proposed site?	□ Yes □ No
g. Have hazardous wastes been generated, treated and/or disposed of at the site, or does the project site adjoin property which is now or was at one time used to commercially treat, store and/or dispose of hazardous waste? If Yes: i. Describe waste(s) handled and waste management activities, including approximate time when activities occurr h. Potential contamination history. Has there been a reported spill at the proposed project site, or have any remedial actions been conducted at or adjacent to the proposed site? If Yes: i. Is any portion of the site listed on the NYSDEC Spills Incidents database or Environmental Site	□ Yes □ No
g. Have hazardous wastes been generated, treated and/or disposed of at the site, or does the project site adjoin property which is now or was at one time used to commercially treat, store and/or dispose of hazardous waste? If Yes: i. Describe waste(s) handled and waste management activities, including approximate time when activities occurr the proposed project site, or have any remedial actions been conducted at or adjacent to the proposed site? If Yes: i. Is any portion of the site listed on the NYSDEC Spills Incidents database or Environmental Site Remediation database? Check all that apply:	□ Yes □ No red: □ Yes □ No □ Yes □ No
g. Have hazardous wastes been generated, treated and/or disposed of at the site, or does the project site adjoin property which is now or was at one time used to commercially treat, store and/or dispose of hazardous waste? If Yes: i. Describe waste(s) handled and waste management activities, including approximate time when activities occurr h. Potential contamination history. Has there been a reported spill at the proposed project site, or have any remedial actions been conducted at or adjacent to the proposed site? If Yes: i. Is any portion of the site listed on the NYSDEC Spills Incidents database or Environmental Site	□ Yes □ No red: □ Yes □ No □ Yes □ No
g. Have hazardous wastes been generated, treated and/or disposed of at the site, or does the project site adjoin property which is now or was at one time used to commercially treat, store and/or dispose of hazardous waste? If Yes: i. Describe waste(s) handled and waste management activities, including approximate time when activities occurr remedial actions been conducted at or adjacent to the proposed site? If Yes: i. Is any portion of the site listed on the NYSDEC Spills Incidents database or Environmental Site Remediation database? Check all that apply: Yes - Spills Incidents database	□ Yes □ No red: □ Yes □ No □ Yes □ No
g. Have hazardous wastes been generated, treated and/or disposed of at the site, or does the project site adjoin property which is now or was at one time used to commercially treat, store and/or dispose of hazardous waste? If Yes: i. Describe waste(s) handled and waste management activities, including approximate time when activities occurr h. Potential contamination history. Has there been a reported spill at the proposed project site, or have any remedial actions been conducted at or adjacent to the proposed site? If Yes: i. Is any portion of the site listed on the NYSDEC Spills Incidents database or Environmental Site Remediation database? Check all that apply: Yes - Spills Incidents database Provide DEC ID number(s): Neither database ii. If site has been subject of RCRA corrective activities, describe control measures: iii. Is the project within 2000 feet of any site in the NYSDEC Environmental Site Remediation database?	□ Yes □ No red: □ Yes □ No □ Yes □ No
g. Have hazardous wastes been generated, treated and/or disposed of at the site, or does the project site adjoin property which is now or was at one time used to commercially treat, store and/or dispose of hazardous waste? If Yes: i. Describe waste(s) handled and waste management activities, including approximate time when activities occurr he proposed waste(s) handled and waste management activities, including approximate time when activities occurr he proposed site? If Yes: i. Is any portion of the site listed on the NYSDEC Spills Incidents database or Environmental Site Remediation database? Check all that apply: Yes - Spills Incidents database	□ Yes □ No red: □ Yes □ No □ Yes □ No

v. Is the project site subject to an institutional control limiting property uses?	□ Yes □ No
If yes, DEC site ID number:	
 Describe the type of institutional control (e.g., deed restriction or easement): Describe any use limitations: 	
Describe any engineering controls:	
Will the project affect the institutional or engineering controls in place?	□ Yes □ No
• Explain:	
E.2. Natural Resources On or Near Project Site	
a. What is the average depth to bedrock on the project site? fee	et
b. Are there bedrock outcroppings on the project site?	□ Yes □ No
If Yes, what proportion of the site is comprised of bedrock outcroppings?	
c. Predominant soil type(s) present on project site:	%
	%
	%
d. What is the average depth to the water table on the project site? Average: feet	
e. Drainage status of project site soils: Well Drained: % of site	
□ Moderately Well Drained:% of site	
□ Poorly Drained% of site	
f. Approximate proportion of proposed action site with slopes: 0-10%:	_% of site
□ 10-15%:	_% of site
□ 15% or greater:	_% of site
g. Are there any unique geologic features on the project site? If Yes, describe:	□ Yes □ No
If ites, describe.	
h. Surface water features.	D Vac D Na
<i>i.</i> Does any portion of the project site contain wetlands or other waterbodies (including streams ponds or lakes)?	\Box Yes \Box No
ii. Do any wetlands or other waterbodies adjoin the project site?	□ Yes □ No
If Yes to either <i>i</i> or <i>ii</i> , continue. If No, skip to E.2.i.	
iii. Are any of the wetlands or waterbodies within or adjoining the project site regulated by any	federal, \Box Yes \Box No
state or local agency?	
iv. For each identified regulated wetland and waterbody on the project site, provide the following.	•
 Streams: Name Class Lakes or Ponds: Name Class 	
• Wetlands: Name App	roximate Size
 Wetland No. (if regulated by DEC) 	
v. Are any of the above water bodies listed in the most recent compilation of NYS water quality	y-impaired □ Yes □ No
waterbodies? If yes, name of impaired water body/bodies and basis for listing as impaired:	
if yes, name of imparted water body/bodies and basis for fishing as imparted.	
i. Is the project site in a designated Floodway?	□ Yes □ No
j. Is the project site in the 100 year Floodplain?	□ Yes □ No
k. Is the project site in the 500 year Floodplain?	□ Yes □ No
1. Is the project site located over, or immediately adjoining, a primary, principal or sole source a	quifer? □ Yes □ No
If Yes:	
i. Name of aquifer:	

m. Identify the predominant wildlife species that occupy	or use the project site:	
n. Does the project site contain a designated significant r If Yes: i. Describe the habitat/community (composition, function)	•	□ Yes □ No
 ii. Source(s) of description or evaluation: iii. Extent of community/habitat: Currently: Following completion of project as proposed: Gain or loss (indicate + or -): o. Does project site contain any species of plant or animal 	acres acres acres	
endangered or threatened, or does it contain any areas		
p. Does the project site contain any species of plant or a special concern?	nimal that is listed by NYS as rare, or	as a species of □ Yes □ No
q. Is the project site or adjoining area currently used for If yes, give a brief description of how the proposed actio		
E.3. Designated Public Resources On or Near Project	t Site	
a. Is the project site, or any portion of it, located in a des Agriculture and Markets Law, Article 25-AA, Section If Yes, provide county plus district name/number:	1 303 and 304?	
b. Are agricultural lands consisting of highly productive <i>i</i> . If Yes: acreage(s) on project site? <i>ii</i> . Source(s) of soil rating(s):	soils present?	
c. Does the project site contain all or part of, or is it substitute. Natural Landmark? If Yes: i. Nature of the natural landmark: □ Biological ii. Provide brief description of landmark, including val	Community □ Geological Fe	ature
d. Is the project site located in or does it adjoin a state list If Yes: i. CEA name: ii. Basis for designation: iii. Designating agency and date:		

e. Does the project site contain, or is it substantially contiguous to, a which is listed on, or has been nominated by the NYS Board of H. State or National Register of Historic Places? If Yes: i. Nature of historic/archaeological resource: Archaeological S ii. Name:	istoric Preservation for inclusion on, the	Yes No
iii. Brief description of attributes on which listing is based:		
f. Is the project site, or any portion of it, located in or adjacent to an archaeological sites on the NY State Historic Preservation Office		☐Yes ZNo
g. Have additional archaeological or historic site(s) or resources bee If Yes:	n identified on the project site?	∠ Yes □No
i. Describe possible resource(s): Port Terminal Building A		3
ii. Basis for identification: S/NRHP Eligibility assessment as part of 200	6 Southtowns Connector/Buffalo Outer Harbor Proje	ct Final DR/FEIS
h. Is the project site within fives miles of any officially designated a scenic or aesthetic resource? If Yes: i. Identify resource; Buffalo Harbor State Park and Great Lakes Seaway		V Yes □No
ii. Nature of, or basis for, designation (e.g., established highway ov etc.): State Park and Federal Scenic Byway		or scenic byway,
 i. Is the project site located within a designated river corridor under Program 6 NYCRR 666? If Yes: i. Identify the name of the river and its designation: 		☐ Yes Z No
ii. Is the activity consistent with development restrictions contained	l in 6NYCRR Part 666?	□Yes □No
F. Additional Information Attach any additional information which may be needed to clarify If you have identified any adverse impacts which could be associat measures which you propose to avoid or minimize them.		mpacts plus any
G. Verification I certify that the information provided is true to the best of my kno		
Applicant/Sponsor Name Steven Ranalli, P.E., AICP	Date 6 NOV 2015	
Signature UIIII	Title Senior Project Manager	

Full Environmental Assessment Form Part 2 - Identification of Potential Project Impacts

Project : Date :

Part 2 is to be completed by the lead agency. Part 2 is designed to help the lead agency inventory all potential resources that could be affected by a proposed project or action. We recognize that the lead agency's reviewer(s) will not necessarily be environmental professionals. So, the questions are designed to walk a reviewer through the assessment process by providing a series of questions that can be answered using the information found in Part 1. To further assist the lead agency in completing Part 2, the form identifies the most relevant questions in Part 1 that will provide the information needed to answer the Part 2 question. When Part 2 is completed, the lead agency will have identified the relevant environmental areas that may be impacted by the proposed activity.

If the lead agency is a state agency **and** the action is in any Coastal Area, complete the Coastal Assessment Form before proceeding with this assessment.

Tips for completing Part 2:

- Review all of the information provided in Part 1.
- Review any application, maps, supporting materials and the Full EAF Workbook.
- Answer each of the 18 questions in Part 2.
- If you answer "Yes" to a numbered question, please complete all the questions that follow in that section.
- If you answer "No" to a numbered question, move on to the next numbered question.
- Check appropriate column to indicate the anticipated size of the impact.
- Proposed projects that would exceed a numeric threshold contained in a question should result in the reviewing agency checking the box "Moderate to large impact may occur."
- The reviewer is not expected to be an expert in environmental analysis.
- If you are not sure or undecided about the size of an impact, it may help to review the sub-questions for the general question and consult the workbook.
- When answering a question consider all components of the proposed activity, that is, the "whole action".
- Consider the possibility for long-term and cumulative impacts as well as direct impacts.
- Answer the question in a reasonable manner considering the scale and context of the project.

Proposed action may involve construction on, or physical alteration of, the land surface of the proposed site. (See Part 1. D.1) If "Yes", answer questions a - j. If "No", move on to Section 2.	□NO		YES
	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may involve construction on land where depth to water table is less than 3 feet.	E2d		
b. The proposed action may involve construction on slopes of 15% or greater.	E2f		
c. The proposed action may involve construction on land where bedrock is exposed, or generally within 5 feet of existing ground surface.	E2a		
d. The proposed action may involve the excavation and removal of more than 1,000 tons of natural material.	D2a		
e. The proposed action may involve construction that continues for more than one year or in multiple phases.	D1e		
f. The proposed action may result in increased erosion, whether from physical disturbance or vegetation removal (including from treatment by herbicides).	D2e, D2q		
g. The proposed action is, or may be, located within a Coastal Erosion hazard area.	B1i		
h. Other impacts:			

2. Impact on Geological Features			
The proposed action may result in the modification or destruction of, or inhib access to, any unique or unusual land forms on the site (e.g., cliffs, dunes, minerals, fossils, caves). (See Part 1. E.2.g) If "Yes", answer questions a - c. If "No", move on to Section 3.	it □ NO		YES
ij les , unswer questions a - c. ij ivo , move on to section 3.	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. Identify the specific land form(s) attached:	E2g		
b. The proposed action may affect or is adjacent to a geological feature listed as a registered National Natural Landmark. Specific feature:	E3c		
c. Other impacts:			
	<u> </u>		
3. Impacts on Surface Water The proposed action may affect one or more wetlands or other surface water bodies (e.g., streams, rivers, ponds or lakes). (See Part 1. D.2, E.2.h) If "Yes", answer questions a - l. If "No", move on to Section 4.	□ NO		YES
	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may create a new water body.	D2b, D1h		
b. The proposed action may result in an increase or decrease of over 10% or more than a 10 acre increase or decrease in the surface area of any body of water.	D2b		
c. The proposed action may involve dredging more than 100 cubic yards of material from a wetland or water body.	D2a		
d. The proposed action may involve construction within or adjoining a freshwater or tidal wetland, or in the bed or banks of any other water body.	E2h		
e. The proposed action may create turbidity in a waterbody, either from upland erosion, runoff or by disturbing bottom sediments.	D2a, D2h		
f. The proposed action may include construction of one or more intake(s) for withdrawal of water from surface water.	D2c		
g. The proposed action may include construction of one or more outfall(s) for discharge of wastewater to surface water(s).	D2d		
h. The proposed action may cause soil erosion, or otherwise create a source of stormwater discharge that may lead to siltation or other degradation of receiving water bodies.	D2e		
i. The proposed action may affect the water quality of any water bodies within or downstream of the site of the proposed action.	E2h		
j. The proposed action may involve the application of pesticides or herbicides in or around any water body.	D2q, E2h		
k. The proposed action may require the construction of new, or expansion of existing,	D1a, D2d		

wastewater treatment facilities.

l. Other impacts:			
4. Impact on groundwater The proposed action may result in new or additional use of ground water, or may have the potential to introduce contaminants to ground water or an aquife (See Part 1. D.2.a, D.2.c, D.2.d, D.2.p, D.2.q, D.2.t) If "Yes", answer questions a - h. If "No", move on to Section 5.	□ NC er.) 🗆	YES
	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may require new water supply wells, or create additional demand on supplies from existing water supply wells.	D2c		
b. Water supply demand from the proposed action may exceed safe and sustainable withdrawal capacity rate of the local supply or aquifer. Cite Source:	D2c		
c. The proposed action may allow or result in residential uses in areas without water and sewer services.	D1a, D2c		
d. The proposed action may include or require wastewater discharged to groundwater.	D2d, E2l		
e. The proposed action may result in the construction of water supply wells in locations where groundwater is, or is suspected to be, contaminated.	D2c, E1f, E1g, E1h		
f. The proposed action may require the bulk storage of petroleum or chemical products over ground water or an aquifer.	D2p, E2l		
g. The proposed action may involve the commercial application of pesticides within 100 feet of potable drinking water or irrigation sources.	E2h, D2q, E2l, D2c		
h. Other impacts:			
5. Impact on Flooding The proposed action may result in development on lands subject to flooding. (See Part 1. E.2) If "Yes", answer questions a - g. If "No", move on to Section 6.	□ NC) 🗆	YES
	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may result in development in a designated floodway.	E2i		
b. The proposed action may result in development within a 100 year floodplain.	E2j		
c. The proposed action may result in development within a 500 year floodplain.	E2k		
d. The proposed action may result in, or require, modification of existing drainage patterns.	D2b, D2e		
e. The proposed action may change flood water flows that contribute to flooding.	D2b, E2i, E2j, E2k		
f. If there is a dam located on the site of the proposed action, is the dam in need of repair, or upgrade?	E1e		

g. Other impacts:			
6. Impacts on Air The proposed action may include a state regulated air emission source. (See Part 1. D.2.f., D,2,h, D.2.g) If "Yes", answer questions a - f. If "No", move on to Section 7.	□ NO		YES
zy rea , emisire, questiona et j. zy rie , mere en la section / i	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
 a. If the proposed action requires federal or state air emission permits, the action may also emit one or more greenhouse gases at or above the following levels: i. More than 1000 tons/year of carbon dioxide (CO₂) ii. More than 3.5 tons/year of nitrous oxide (N₂O) iii. More than 1000 tons/year of carbon equivalent of perfluorocarbons (PFCs) iv. More than .045 tons/year of sulfur hexafluoride (SF₆) v. More than 1000 tons/year of carbon dioxide equivalent of hydrochloroflourocarbons (HFCs) emissions vi. 43 tons/year or more of methane 	D2g D2g D2g D2g D2g D2g		
b. The proposed action may generate 10 tons/year or more of any one designated hazardous air pollutant, or 25 tons/year or more of any combination of such hazardous air pollutants.	D2g		
c. The proposed action may require a state air registration, or may produce an emissions rate of total contaminants that may exceed 5 lbs. per hour, or may include a heat source capable of producing more than 10 million BTU's per hour.	D2f, D2g		
d. The proposed action may reach 50% of any of the thresholds in "a" through "c", above.	D2g		
e. The proposed action may result in the combustion or thermal treatment of more than 1 ton of refuse per hour.	D2s		
f. Other impacts:			
7. Impact on Plants and Animals The proposed action may result in a loss of flora or fauna. (See Part 1. E.2. r If "Yes", answer questions a - j. If "No", move on to Section 8.	mq.)	□NO	□ YES
	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may cause reduction in population or loss of individuals of any threatened or endangered species, as listed by New York State or the Federal government, that use the site, or are found on, over, or near the site.	E2o		
b. The proposed action may result in a reduction or degradation of any habitat used by any rare, threatened or endangered species, as listed by New York State or the federal government.	E2o		
c. The proposed action may cause reduction in population, or loss of individuals, of any species of special concern or conservation need, as listed by New York State or the Federal government, that use the site, or are found on, over, or near the site.	E2p		
d. The proposed action may result in a reduction or degradation of any habitat used by any species of special concern and conservation need, as listed by New York State or the Federal government.	E2p		

e. The proposed action may diminish the capacity of a registered National Natural Landmark to support the biological community it was established to protect.	E3c		
f. The proposed action may result in the removal of, or ground disturbance in, any portion of a designated significant natural community. Source:	E2n		
g. The proposed action may substantially interfere with nesting/breeding, foraging, or over-wintering habitat for the predominant species that occupy or use the project site.	E2m		
h. The proposed action requires the conversion of more than 10 acres of forest, grassland or any other regionally or locally important habitat. Habitat type & information source:	E1b		
i. Proposed action (commercial, industrial or recreational projects, only) involves use of herbicides or pesticides.	D2q		
j. Other impacts:			
8. Impact on Agricultural Resources			
The proposed action may impact agricultural resources. (See Part 1. E.3.a. a	and b.)	□ NO	☐ YES
If "Yes", answer questions a - h. If "No", move on to Section 9.	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
	Part I	small impact	to large impact may
If "Yes", answer questions a - h. If "No", move on to Section 9. a. The proposed action may impact soil classified within soil group 1 through 4 of the	Part I Question(s)	small impact may occur	to large impact may occur
 If "Yes", answer questions a - h. If "No", move on to Section 9. a. The proposed action may impact soil classified within soil group 1 through 4 of the NYS Land Classification System. b. The proposed action may sever, cross or otherwise limit access to agricultural land 	Part I Question(s)	small impact may occur	to large impact may occur
 a. The proposed action may impact soil classified within soil group 1 through 4 of the NYS Land Classification System. b. The proposed action may sever, cross or otherwise limit access to agricultural land (includes cropland, hayfields, pasture, vineyard, orchard, etc). c. The proposed action may result in the excavation or compaction of the soil profile of 	Part I Question(s) E2c, E3b E1a, Elb	small impact may occur	to large impact may occur
 a. The proposed action may impact soil classified within soil group 1 through 4 of the NYS Land Classification System. b. The proposed action may sever, cross or otherwise limit access to agricultural land (includes cropland, hayfields, pasture, vineyard, orchard, etc). c. The proposed action may result in the excavation or compaction of the soil profile of active agricultural land. d. The proposed action may irreversibly convert agricultural land to non-agricultural uses, either more than 2.5 acres if located in an Agricultural District, or more than 10 	Part I Question(s) E2c, E3b E1a, Elb E3b	small impact may occur	to large impact may occur
 a. The proposed action may impact soil classified within soil group 1 through 4 of the NYS Land Classification System. b. The proposed action may sever, cross or otherwise limit access to agricultural land (includes cropland, hayfields, pasture, vineyard, orchard, etc). c. The proposed action may result in the excavation or compaction of the soil profile of active agricultural land. d. The proposed action may irreversibly convert agricultural land to non-agricultural uses, either more than 2.5 acres if located in an Agricultural District, or more than 10 acres if not within an Agricultural District. e. The proposed action may disrupt or prevent installation of an agricultural land 	Part I Question(s) E2c, E3b E1a, Elb E3b E1b, E3a	small impact may occur	to large impact may occur
 a. The proposed action may impact soil classified within soil group 1 through 4 of the NYS Land Classification System. b. The proposed action may sever, cross or otherwise limit access to agricultural land (includes cropland, hayfields, pasture, vineyard, orchard, etc). c. The proposed action may result in the excavation or compaction of the soil profile of active agricultural land. d. The proposed action may irreversibly convert agricultural land to non-agricultural uses, either more than 2.5 acres if located in an Agricultural District, or more than 10 acres if not within an Agricultural District. e. The proposed action may disrupt or prevent installation of an agricultural land management system. f. The proposed action may result, directly or indirectly, in increased development 	Part I Question(s) E2c, E3b E1a, Elb E3b E1b, E3a El a, E1b C2c, C3,	small impact may occur	to large impact may occur

9. Impact on Aesthetic Resources The land use of the proposed action are obviously different from, or are in sharp contrast to, current land use patterns between the proposed project and a scenic or aesthetic resource. (Part 1. E.1.a, E.1.b, E.3.h.) If "Yes", answer questions a - g. If "No", go to Section 10.	□NO) 🗆	YES
	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. Proposed action may be visible from any officially designated federal, state, or local scenic or aesthetic resource.	E3h		
b. The proposed action may result in the obstruction, elimination or significant screening of one or more officially designated scenic views.	E3h, C2b		
c. The proposed action may be visible from publicly accessible vantage points:i. Seasonally (e.g., screened by summer foliage, but visible during other seasons)ii. Year round	E3h		
d. The situation or activity in which viewers are engaged while viewing the proposed action is:i. Routine travel by residents, including travel to and from workii. Recreational or tourism based activities	E3h E2q, E1c		
e. The proposed action may cause a diminishment of the public enjoyment and appreciation of the designated aesthetic resource.	E3h		
f. There are similar projects visible within the following distance of the proposed project: 0-1/2 mile ½ -3 mile 3-5 mile 5+ mile	D1a, E1a, D1f, D1g		
g. Other impacts:			
10. Impact on Historic and Archeological Resources The proposed action may occur in or adjacent to a historic or archaeological resource. (Part 1. E.3.e, f. and g.) If "Yes", answer questions a - e. If "No", go to Section 11.	□NO) 🛭	YES
	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may occur wholly or partially within, or substantially contiguous to, any buildings, archaeological site or district which is listed on or has been nominated by the NYS Board of Historic Preservation for inclusion on the State or National Register of Historic Places.	E3e		
b. The proposed action may occur wholly or partially within, or substantially contiguous to, an area designated as sensitive for archaeological sites on the NY State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) archaeological site inventory.	E3f		
c. The proposed action may occur wholly or partially within, or substantially contiguous to, an archaeological site not included on the NY SHPO inventory. Source:	E3g		

d. Other impacts:			
e. If any of the above (a-d) are answered "Yes", continue with the following questions to help support conclusions in Part 3:			
 The proposed action may result in the destruction or alteration of all or part of the site or property. 	E3e, E3g, E3f		
 The proposed action may result in the alteration of the property's setting or integrity. 	E3e, E3f, E3g, E1a, E1b		
iii. The proposed action may result in the introduction of visual elements which are out of character with the site or property, or may alter its setting.	E3e, E3f, E3g, E3h, C2, C3		
11. Impact on Open Space and Recreation The proposed action may result in a loss of recreational opportunities or a reduction of an open space resource as designated in any adopted municipal open space plan. (See Part 1. C.2.c, E.1.c., E.2.q.) If "Yes", answer questions a - e. If "No", go to Section 12.	□No) 🗖	YES
J 7 3	Relevant	No, or	Moderate
	Part I Question(s)	small impact may occur	to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may result in an impairment of natural functions, or "ecosystem services", provided by an undeveloped area, including but not limited to stormwater storage, nutrient cycling, wildlife habitat.	D2e, E1b E2h, E2m, E2o, E2n, E2p		
b. The proposed action may result in the loss of a current or future recreational resource.	C2a, E1c, C2c, E2q		
c. The proposed action may eliminate open space or recreational resource in an area with few such resources.	C2a, C2c E1c, E2q		
d. The proposed action may result in loss of an area now used informally by the community as an open space resource.	C2c, E1c		
e. Other impacts:			
12. Impact on Critical Environmental Areas The proposed action may be located within or adjacent to a critical environmental area (CEA). (See Part 1. E.3.d) If "Yes", answer questions a - c. If "No", go to Section 13.		0 🗆	YES
ij ies , answer questions a c. ij ito , go to section is.	Relevant	No, or	Moderate
	Part I Question(s)	small impact may occur	to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may result in a reduction in the quantity of the resource or characteristic which was the basis for designation of the CEA.	E3d		
b. The proposed action may result in a reduction in the quality of the resource or characteristic which was the basis for designation of the CEA.	E3d		
c. Other impacts:			

13. Impact on Transportation The proposed action may result in a change to existing transportation systems (See Part 1. D.2.j) If "Yes", answer questions a - g. If "No", go to Section 14.	s. 🗆 NO	O 🗆	YES
If Tes , answer questions a g. If the , go to section 14.	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. Projected traffic increase may exceed capacity of existing road network.	D2j	٥	
b. The proposed action may result in the construction of paved parking area for 500 or more vehicles.	D2j		
c. The proposed action will degrade existing transit access.	D2j		
d. The proposed action will degrade existing pedestrian or bicycle accommodations.	D2j		
e. The proposed action may alter the present pattern of movement of people or goods.	D2j		
f. Other impacts:			
14. Impact on Energy The proposed action may cause an increase in the use of any form of energy. (See Part 1. D.2.k) If "Yes", answer questions a - e. If "No", go to Section 15.		О 🗆	YES
	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action will require a new, or an upgrade to an existing, substation.	D2k		
b. The proposed action will require the creation or extension of an energy transmission or supply system to serve more than 50 single or two-family residences or to serve a commercial or industrial use.	D1f, D1q, D2k		
c. The proposed action may utilize more than 2,500 MWhrs per year of electricity.	D2k		
d. The proposed action may involve heating and/or cooling of more than 100,000 square feet of building area when completed.	D1g		
e. Other Impacts:			
15. Impact on Noise, Odor, and Light The proposed action may result in an increase in noise, odors, or outdoor ligh (See Part 1. D.2.m., n., and o.) If "Yes", answer questions a - f. If "No", go to Section 16.	ting. NO) 🗆	YES
, , <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may produce sound above noise levels established by local regulation.	D2m		
b. The proposed action may result in blasting within 1,500 feet of any residence, hospital, school, licensed day care center, or nursing home.	D2m, E1d		

c. The proposed action may result in routine odors for more than one hour per day.

D2o

d. The proposed action may result in light shining onto adjoining properties.	D2n	
e. The proposed action may result in lighting creating sky-glow brighter than existing area conditions.	D2n, E1a	
f. Other impacts:		

16. Impact on Human Health The proposed action may have an impact on human health from exposure to new or existing sources of contaminants. (See Part 1.D.2.q., E.1. d. f. g. an <i>If "Yes", answer questions a - m. If "No", go to Section 17.</i>	□ No	O 🗆	YES
	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No,or small impact may cccur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action is located within 1500 feet of a school, hospital, licensed day care center, group home, nursing home or retirement community.	E1d		
b. The site of the proposed action is currently undergoing remediation.	Elg, Elh		
c. There is a completed emergency spill remediation, or a completed environmental site remediation on, or adjacent to, the site of the proposed action.	Elg, Elh		
d. The site of the action is subject to an institutional control limiting the use of the property (e.g., easement or deed restriction).	Elg, Elh		
e. The proposed action may affect institutional control measures that were put in place to ensure that the site remains protective of the environment and human health.	E1g, E1h		
f. The proposed action has adequate control measures in place to ensure that future generation, treatment and/or disposal of hazardous wastes will be protective of the environment and human health.	D2t		
g. The proposed action involves construction or modification of a solid waste management facility.	D2q, E1f		
h. The proposed action may result in the unearthing of solid or hazardous waste.	D2q, E1f		
i. The proposed action may result in an increase in the rate of disposal, or processing, of solid waste.	D2r, D2s		
j. The proposed action may result in excavation or other disturbance within 2000 feet of a site used for the disposal of solid or hazardous waste.	E1f, E1g E1h		
k. The proposed action may result in the migration of explosive gases from a landfill site to adjacent off site structures.	E1f, E1g		
The proposed action may result in the release of contaminated leachate from the project site.	D2s, E1f, D2r		
m. Other impacts:			

17. Consistency with Community Plans			
The proposed action is not consistent with adopted land use plans. (See Part 1. C.1, C.2. and C.3.)	□ NO		/ES
If "Yes", answer questions a - h. If "No", go to Section 18.			
	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action's land use components may be different from, or in sharp contrast to, current surrounding land use pattern(s).	C2, C3, D1a E1a, E1b		
b. The proposed action will cause the permanent population of the city, town or village in which the project is located to grow by more than 5%.	C2		
c. The proposed action is inconsistent with local land use plans or zoning regulations.	C2, C2, C3		
d. The proposed action is inconsistent with any County plans, or other regional land use plans.	C2, C2		
e. The proposed action may cause a change in the density of development that is not supported by existing infrastructure or is distant from existing infrastructure.	C3, D1c, D1d, D1f, D1d, Elb		
f. The proposed action is located in an area characterized by low density development that will require new or expanded public infrastructure.	C4, D2c, D2d D2j		
g. The proposed action may induce secondary development impacts (e.g., residential or commercial development not included in the proposed action)	C2a		
h. Other:			
18. Consistency with Community Character The proposed project is inconsistent with the existing community character. (See Part 1. C.2, C.3, D.2, E.3)	□ NO		/ES
The proposed project is inconsistent with the existing community character.			
The proposed project is inconsistent with the existing community character. (See Part 1. C.2, C.3, D.2, E.3)	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
The proposed project is inconsistent with the existing community character. (See Part 1. C.2, C.3, D.2, E.3)	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact	Moderate to large impact may
The proposed project is inconsistent with the existing community character. (See Part 1. C.2, C.3, D.2, E.3) If "Yes", answer questions a - g. If "No", proceed to Part 3. a. The proposed action may replace or eliminate existing facilities, structures, or areas	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
The proposed project is inconsistent with the existing community character. (See Part 1. C.2, C.3, D.2, E.3) If "Yes", answer questions a - g. If "No", proceed to Part 3. a. The proposed action may replace or eliminate existing facilities, structures, or areas of historic importance to the community. b. The proposed action may create a demand for additional community services (e.g.	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
The proposed project is inconsistent with the existing community character. (See Part 1. C.2, C.3, D.2, E.3) If "Yes", answer questions a - g. If "No", proceed to Part 3. a. The proposed action may replace or eliminate existing facilities, structures, or areas of historic importance to the community. b. The proposed action may create a demand for additional community services (e.g. schools, police and fire) c. The proposed action may displace affordable or low-income housing in an area where	Relevant Part I Question(s) E3e, E3f, E3g C4 C2, C3, D1f	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
The proposed project is inconsistent with the existing community character. (See Part 1. C.2, C.3, D.2, E.3) If "Yes", answer questions a - g. If "No", proceed to Part 3. a. The proposed action may replace or eliminate existing facilities, structures, or areas of historic importance to the community. b. The proposed action may create a demand for additional community services (e.g. schools, police and fire) c. The proposed action may displace affordable or low-income housing in an area where there is a shortage of such housing. d. The proposed action may interfere with the use or enjoyment of officially recognized	Relevant Part I Question(s) E3e, E3f, E3g C4 C2, C3, D1f D1g, E1a	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
The proposed project is inconsistent with the existing community character. (See Part 1. C.2, C.3, D.2, E.3) If "Yes", answer questions a - g. If "No", proceed to Part 3. a. The proposed action may replace or eliminate existing facilities, structures, or areas of historic importance to the community. b. The proposed action may create a demand for additional community services (e.g. schools, police and fire) c. The proposed action may displace affordable or low-income housing in an area where there is a shortage of such housing. d. The proposed action may interfere with the use or enjoyment of officially recognized or designated public resources. e. The proposed action is inconsistent with the predominant architectural scale and	Relevant Part I Question(s) E3e, E3f, E3g C4 C2, C3, D1f D1g, E1a C2, E3	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur

Project : Date :

Full Environmental Assessment Form Part 3 - Evaluation of the Magnitude and Importance of Project Impacts and Determination of Significance

Part 3 provides the reasons in support of the determination of significance. The lead agency must complete Part 3 for every question in Part 2 where the impact has been identified as potentially moderate to large or where there is a need to explain why a particular element of the proposed action will not, or may, result in a significant adverse environmental impact.

Based on the analysis in Part 3, the lead agency must decide whether to require an environmental impact statement to further assess the proposed action or whether available information is sufficient for the lead agency to conclude that the proposed action will not have a significant adverse environmental impact. By completing the certification on the next page, the lead agency can complete its determination of significance.

Reasons Supporting This Determination:

To complete this section:

- Identify the impact based on the Part 2 responses and describe its magnitude. Magnitude considers factors such as severity, size or extent of an impact.
- Assess the importance of the impact. Importance relates to the geographic scope, duration, probability of the impact occurring, number of people affected by the impact and any additional environmental consequences if the impact were to occur
- The assessment should take into consideration any design element or project changes.
- Repeat this process for each Part 2 question where the impact has been identified as potentially moderate to large or where
 there is a need to explain why a particular element of the proposed action will not, or may, result in a significant adverse
 environmental impact.
- Provide the reason(s) why the impact may, or will not, result in a significant adverse environmental impact
- For Conditional Negative Declarations identify the specific condition(s) imposed that will modify the proposed action so that no significant adverse environmental impacts will result.
- Attach additional sheets, as needed.

Determination of Significance - Type 1 and Unlisted Actions							
SEQR Status:	☐ Type 1	☐ Unlisted					
Identify portions of EAF	completed for this Project:	□ Part 1	□ Part 2	□ Part 3			

oon review of the information recorded on this EAF, as noted, plus this additional support information are EAF Addendum
d considering both the magnitude and importance of each identified potential impact, it is the conclusion of the Canal Harbor Development Corporation as lead agency that:
A. This project will result in no significant adverse impacts on the environment, and, therefore, an environmental impact tement need not be prepared. Accordingly, this negative declaration is issued.
B. Although this project could have a significant adverse impact on the environment, that impact will be avoided or ostantially mitigated because of the following conditions which will be required by the lead agency:
ere will, therefore, be no significant adverse impacts from the project as conditioned, and, therefore, this conditioned negative claration is issued. A conditioned negative declaration may be used only for UNLISTED actions (see 6 NYCRR 617.d).
C. This Project may result in one or more significant adverse impacts on the environment, and an environmental impact tement must be prepared to further assess the impact(s) and possible mitigation and to explore alternatives to avoid or reduce tho pacts. Accordingly, this positive declaration is issued.
me of Action: Buffalo Outer Harbor Access & Activation Civic Project
me of Lead Agency: Erie Canal Harbor Development Corporation
me of Responsible Officer in Lead Agency: Thomas Dee
le of Responsible Officer: President
gnature of Responsible Officer in Lead Agency: x Date: 9 NOV 2015
gnature of Preparer (if different from Responsible Officer) X Saul J Sundan Date: 9 NOV 2015
r Further Information:
ntact Person: Erie Canal Harbor Development Corporation
dress: 95 Perry Street, 5th Floor, Buffalo, NY 14203
lephone Number: 716.846.8200
mail: steven.ranalli@esd.ny.gov
r Type 1 Actions and Conditioned Negative Declarations, a copy of this Notice is sent to:
ief Executive Officer of the political subdivision in which the action will be principally located (e.g., Town / City / Village of) her involved agencies (if any) plicant (if any) vironmental Notice Bulletin: http://www.dec.nv.gov/enb/enb.html

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF STATE COASTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAM

Coastal Assessment Form

A. <u>INSTRUCTIONS</u> (Please print or type all answers)

- 1. State agencies shall complete this CAF for proposed actions which are subject to Part 600 of Title 19 of the NYCRR. This assessment is intended to supplement other information used by a state agency in making a determination of significance pursuant to the State Environmental Quality Review Act (see 6 NYCRR, Part 617). If it is determined that a proposed action will not have a significant effect on the environment, this assessment is intended to assist a state agency in complying with the certification requirements of 19 NYCRR Section 600.4.
- 2. If any question in Section C on this form is answered "yes", then the proposed action may affect the achievement of the coastal policies contained in Article 42 of the Executive Law. Thus, the action should be analyzed in more detail and, if necessary, modified prior to either (a) making a certification of consistency pursuant to 19 NYCRR Part 600 or, (b) making the findings required under SEQR, 6 NYCRR, Section 617.11, if the action is one for which an environmental impact statement is being prepared. If an action cannot be certified as consistent with the coastal policies, it shall not be undertaken.
- 3. Before answering the questions in Section C, the preparer of this form should review the coastal policies contained in 19 NYCRR Section 600.5. A proposed action should be evaluated as to its significant beneficial and adverse effects upon the coastal area.

B. DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED ACTION

C.

1.	Type of state agency action (check appropriate response):
	 (a) Directly undertaken (e.g. capital construction, planning activity, agency regulation, land transaction) (b) Financial assistance (e.g. grant, loan, subsidy) (c) Permit, license, certification
2.	Describe nature and extent of action:
3.	Location of action:
	County City, Town or Village Street or Site Description
4.	If an application for the proposed action has been filed with the state agency, the following information shall be provided:
	(a) Name of applicant:
	(b) Mailing address:
	(c) Telephone Number: Area Code ()
	(d) State agency application number:
5.	Will the action be directly undertaken, require funding, or approval by a federal agency?
	Yes No If yes, which federal agency?
CO	OASTAL ASSESSMENT (Check either "YES" or "NO" for each of the following questions)
1.	Will the proposed activity be <u>located</u> in, or contiguous to, or have a <u>significant effect</u> upon any of the resource areas identified on the coastal area map:
	(a) Significant fish or wildlife habitats? (b) Scenic resources of statewide significance? (c) Important agricultural lands?
2.	Will the proposed activity have a <u>significant effect</u> upon:
	(a) Commercial or recreational use of fish and wildlife resources? (b) Scenic quality of the coastal environment? (c) Development of future, or existing water dependent uses? (d) Operation of the State's major ports? (e) Land and water uses within the State's small harbors? (f) Existing or potential public recreation opportunities? (g) Structures, sites or districts of historic, archeological or cultural significance to the State or nation?

	3. W	vill the proposed activity <u>involve</u> or <u>result in</u> any of the following:				
	(2	a) Physical alteration of two (2) acres or more of land along the shoreline, land under water or coastal waters?				
	(t	p) Physical alteration of five (5) acres or more of land located elsewhere in the coastal area?				
	(0	Expansion of existing public services of infrastructure in undeveloped or low density areas of the coastal area?				
	(0	d) Energy facility not subject to Article VII or VIII of the Public Service Law?				
	(6	e) Mining, excavation, filling or dredging in coastal waters?				
		Reduction of existing or potential public access to or along the shore?				
		n) Development within a designated flood or erosion hazard area?				
) Development on a beach, dune, barrier island or other natural feature that provides protection against				
		flooding or erosion?				
		Vill the proposed action be <u>located</u> in or have a <u>significant effect</u> upon an area included in an approved				
	L	ocal Waterfront Revitalization Program?				
D.	D. SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS					

	If any	question in Section C is answered "Yes", <u>AND</u> either of the following two conditions is met:				
		Section B.1(a) or B.1(b) is checked; or				
		Section B.1(c) is checked AND B.5 is answered "Yes",				
	THEN	I a copy of this completed Coastal Assessment Form shall be submitted to:				
		New York State Department of State Office of Coastal, Local Government and Community Sustainability				
		One Commerce Plaza				
		99 Washington Avenue, Suite 1010				
		Albany, New York 12231-0001				
	If assi	stance or further information is needed to complete this form, please call the Department of State at (518) 474-6000.				
Г	DEM	ARIZO OR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION				
E.	KEMI	ARKS OR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION				
Pre	narer's	Name:				
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rel	epnone	Number: () Date:				

Full Environmental Assessment Form Addendum

1. PROJECT DESCRIPTION

1.1 Project Background/Location

The Erie Canal Harbor Development Corporation (ECHDC), a subsidiary of the New York State Urban Development Corporation d/b/a Empire State Development (ESD), is proposing to acquire additional property and make public investments on the Lake Erie waterfront in the City of Buffalo (the "City") to realize a series of near-term and relatively low-disturbance improvements to enhance access and facilitate greater public use and enjoyment of the waterfront.

Project components would be largely located¹ on almost 216 acres of land bounded by (see **Figure 1**):

- The Times Beach Nature Preserve on the north;
- Fuhrmann Boulevard on the east;
- The former Freezer Queen production plant (now being considered for adaptive reuse) on the south; and
- Lake Erie on the west.

The Project site is composed of eight City lots of record, known as 175, 225, 235, 275, 461, 525, 575, and 901 Fuhrmann Boulevard. The first two of these lots, 175 and 225 Fuhrmann Boulevard, were previously acquired and improved by ECHDC and are now known as "Wilkeson Pointe". Five of the lots (235, 275, 461, 525, and 575 Fuhrmann Boulevard) were transferred to ECHDC in late 2014 from the Niagara Frontier Transportation Authority (NFTA). The remaining lot, 901 Fuhrmann Blvd, remains in NFTA ownership and contains the vacant NFTA Terminals A and B; ECHDC is in final discussions with NFTA regarding the transfer of this remaining property to ECHDC.

The Project site is located in the Buffalo "Outer Harbor" section of the City's waterfront, referring to the properties along the Lake Erie shoreline within a protected harbor formed by an outer breakwall built in the 1920s (contrasting with the "Inner Harbor" that encompasses lands along the Buffalo River). Historically, the Outer Harbor provided deep water port facilities and associated landside transportation and industrial uses. Over the last four decades as the local economy restructured away from predominance on heavy manufacturing, this pattern of use has been progressively evolving to one relying more on proximity/access to the water for recreational uses and enhancement of less intensive waterfront uses.

Addendum-1

¹ One Project component, which would involve a new Osprey nesting platform, would be located on the Times Beach Nature Preserve, immediately north of the Project site at 69 Fuhrmann Boulevard.

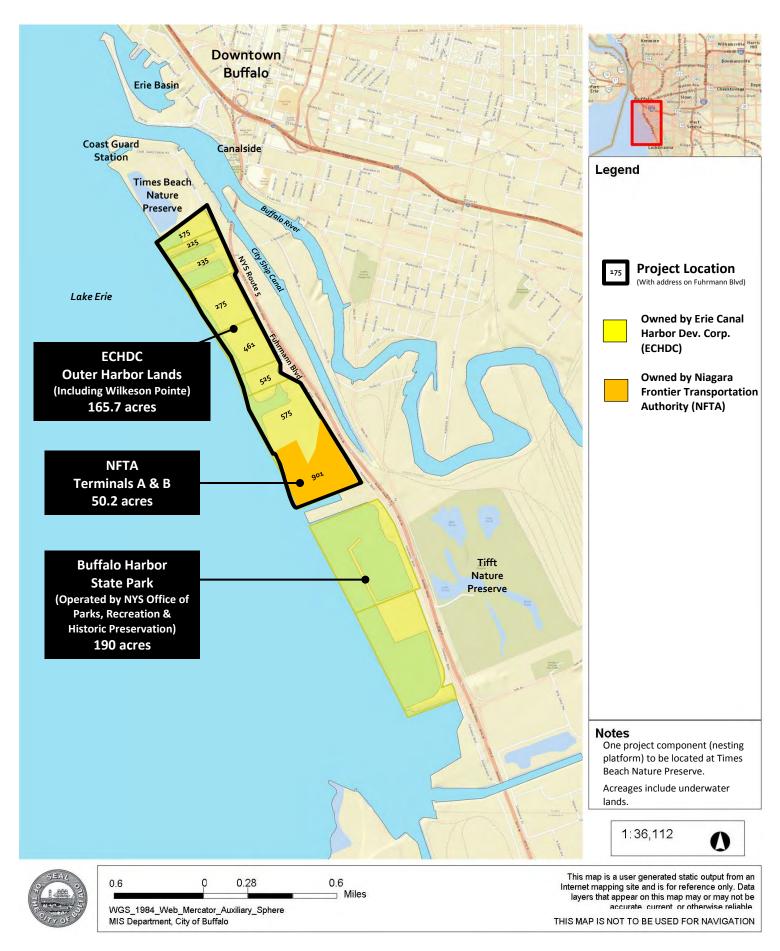


Figure 1
Project Location Map
Buffalo Outer Harbor Access & Activation Civic Project

The Buffalo Outer Harbor area has already undergone a number of incremental trail access, clean-up/remediation, and recreational improvements over the last decade by NFTA, the NYS Department of Transportation (NYSDOT), NYS Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC), Erie County, the City of Buffalo, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), and ECHDC, including shore stabilization; new trail systems along the water's edge and along public roads in the area; remediation of former disposal sites to create recreational areas and nature preserves; clearance of blighting structures; and periodic programming of activities such as concerts. Further, as part of the 2014 transfer to ECHDC, the ~190-acre NFTA Boat Harbor was converted to "Buffalo Harbor State Park", the first New York State Park in the City, which is now operated by the NYS Office of Parks, Recreation, and Historic Preservation (OPRHP).

1.2 Proposed Action

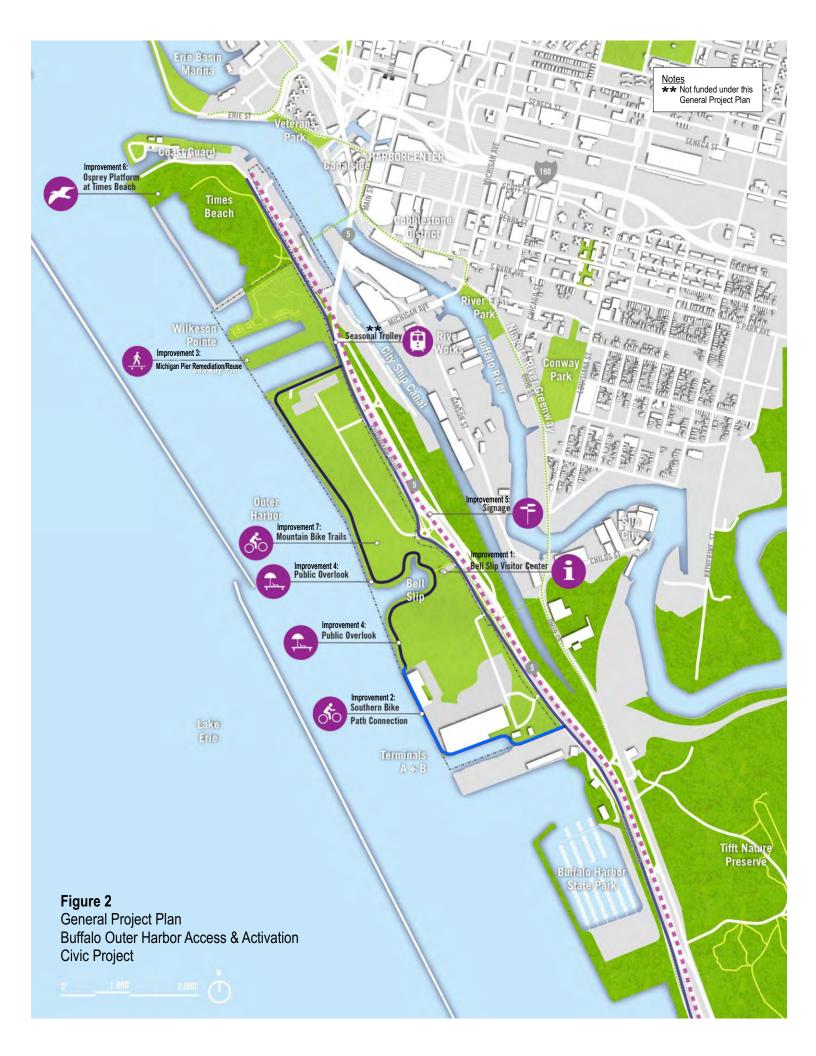
The Proposed Action (i.e., the "Project") would involve ECHDC adopting a General Project Plan (GPP) to undertake the following activities:

Transferring ownership of 901 Fuhrmann Boulevard (including all lands and the Port Terminal A and B buildings) from the NFTA to ECHDC, but excluding any specific activities for reuse, redevelopment. or new development on the property (other than trail access improvements noted below); and



- Programming \$5 million in funds under ESD's Buffalo Billion economic development initiative for planning, remedial action, final design and construction of a series of improvements (see Figure 2) to facilitate active/passive recreational uses and future recreational and event programming, including the following:
 - Improvement 1: Visitor Center/Hub. This would involve creation of a Visitor Center/Hub at the Bell Slip with a modular installation, including pedestrian and bicycle amenities (e.g., bike racks, benches, trash cans, Adirondack chairs, etc.) to take advantage of the existing parking lot and views. It would also include installation of electric service and/or a renewable energy source for power requirements. It is assumed that such a facility would be roughly ~1,500 SF and generally be located near existing trailhead parking facilities on the Bell Slip.





- Improvement 2: Southern Greenbelt Extension. This component would involve construction of a multi-purpose trail extension along the water's edge near Terminals A & B to complete the southern end of the current "Greenbelt" loop, including pedestrian and bicycle amenities (i.e., bike racks, benches, trash cans, Adirondack chairs, etc.). The trail would extend ~3,500 feet in length and result in ~0.8 acres of new pavement over a previously-paved/disturbed area on the shoreline.
- Improvement 3: Michigan Pier Remediation/Reuse. This component would involve redeveloping the Michigan Pier (AKA Seaway Pier) into a flexible, multiuse outdoor recreational space, building on the success of nearby Wilkeson
 - Pointe. It would include clearing, capping, and re-grading the vacant eight-acre pier to accommodate facilities such as: adult playground, workout area, ropes course, foot/bicycle paths (doubling as x-country ski trails), a cantilevered trail section (doubling as fishing pier), railings/perimeter walkway along entire edge (doubling as setback), deck, beach, beer garden area, and adult games zone (e.g.,



horseshoes, bocce courts, petanq, shuffleboard, volleyball, etc.). This component would also involve installation of electric service and/or a renewable energy source for power requirements. The design would also include recreational fields or pollinator fields, seasonal floating docks, safety ladders and life rings.

- Improvement 4: Overlooks. This would involve developing two "overlook" locations adjacent to the Bell Slip along the existing Greenbelt loop. The design would facilitate birding, painting, photography, and astronomy (i.e., publicly-desired activities) to occur at these locations.
- **Improvement 5: Signage System**. This component would involve the design and installation of a comprehensive signage system from Gallagher Beach to Buffalo Main Light the historic lighthouse facility at the mouth of Buffalo River, conforming to standards for the Erie County/Niagara River Greenway "Shoreline Trail" sign system, including ancillary pedestrian and bicycle amenities (i.e., bike racks, benches, etc.). The system would



highlight key public locations as well as distances. This component has the potential for also including additional interpretive signs and for "physical fitness" (e.g., 10,000 Steps). The system would require an agreement/permitting with NYSDOT for signs that are positioned within a NYSDOT-owned right-of-way (e.g., NYS Route 5).

- Improvement 6: Osprey Nesting Structure. This component would involve installation of an Osprey nesting platform at a location within the Times Beach Nature Preserve. This component would require an agreement with Erie County, Friends of Times Beach, and/or Buffalo Museum of Science to cover operations and maintenance.
- Improvement 7: Mountain Bike Facilities. This component would involve the design and establishment of a mountain bike course(s) within a six-acre area bounded by the Bell Slip, Lake Erie, and Fuhrman Boulevard. Given the site's features and proximity to existing paved pathways, a series of unpaved trails (each less than five miles in length) and a pump track would be established to take advantage of the mature trees and small gently-rolling hills.





1.3 Limits of the Proposed Action

It should be noted that while the Proposed Action is limited to activities noted above, it is acknowledged that these improvements are a near-term action to facilitate public access and enjoyment of the Project site now, with a vision to realize some form of additional development on portions of the Buffalo Outer Harbor lands in the future, such as possible future adaptive reuse or new mixed-use infill development in the vicinity of NFTA Terminals A and B.

However, any future redevelopment (i.e., for uses not now permitted under current industrial zoning) would require a number of future discretionary approvals, including but not limited to adoption of new zoning/development regulations by the City (as part of the adoption of the "Buffalo Green Code"), City site plan review, and assessment in accordance with the New York State Environmental Quality Review Act (SEQRA).

It is fully reasonable to assess the impacts of near-term improvements under the Proposed Action (as presented above in Section 1.2) separate from the SEQRA review of any potential future development(s), in consideration of the following:

• **Timing.** Undertaking planning, design/remedial activities, and construction of public access/recreational improvements on the site would further enhance public

enjoyment of the Buffalo Outer Harbor in a manner fully permitted under current local development regulations and policies. Implementing these improvements now would not in any way commit ECHDC, ESD, the City, or any other agency to implement and/or approve any particular redevelopment or infill development project(s) on the Buffalo Outer Harbor in the future, if and when local regulations are adopted that permit new uses other than industrial establishments. Further, in recognition that there are currently no specific proposals—defined in terms of location, type (residential, office, institutional, etc.), and scale (i.e., number of units, total area of new development, etc.)—under consideration for approval by ECHDC, ESD, the City, or any other agency, it would be premature to attempt to speculate on aspects of any such future development.

- Lack of Significant Impacts. The specific components of the Proposed Action (i.e., property transfer, design, remedial activities, and construction of public access/recreation improvements) are not likely anticipated to result in any significant negative direct/indirect effects to social, economic, or environmental resources. Because any future development on the Project site would also be subject to its own SEQRA documentation and all associated public reviews/approvals, advancing the Proposed Action now before any future development is conceptualized, marketed and/or solicited would in no way affect the appearance or impression of information that would be reported in future SEQRA documentation (i.e., it would not make the separated actions appear to have "fewer" impacts); nor would it in any way be less protective of the environment.
- Other Ongoing Public Reviews. Any future development on the Project site would largely be shaped by the ultimate adoption process for the Buffalo Green Code (i.e., to permit uses other than general industry on the site). The Green Code has been and will continue to be subject to extensive public involvement efforts, including SEQRA generic environmental impact statement prior to adoption. In turn, any new development(s) on the Project site in the future would be subject to public site plan review by the City of Buffalo. Thus, there would be ample opportunity for public review and comment if any future development on the Project site is considered.
- Independent Utility. The specific components of the Proposed Action would have independent utility (i.e., would permit public enjoyment of the waterfront) from that of any possible future development on some portion of the Project site. While such uses may well be related and complementary, the ultimate success of the Proposed Action is in no way directly predicated upon any such future development.

2. ENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATIONS

The following sections outline various environmental considerations in accordance with SEQRA. These sections are organized according to the sections listed in Part 2 of the SEQRA Full Environmental Assessment Form.

2.1 Impact on Land

2.1.1 Existing Conditions

The Project site is situated on 215.9 acres of filled land on Fuhrmann Boulevard, and is composed of eight tax parcels in the City of Buffalo. The northernmost two parcels (175 and 225 Fuhrmann Boulevard), formerly owned by Cargill and the New York Power Authority (NYPA) were most recently used (1968-2000) for bulk storage of road salt and for summer storage of the NYPA Lake Erie — Niagara River ice boom, although these lands were also historically used for a variety of industrial purposes, most notably as a shipbuilding yard. These parcels were remediated by ECHDC in 2013 and converted to a recreation area known as Wilkeson Pointe.

The southernmost portion of the Project site (235-901 Fuhrmann Boulevard) comprises the former "Port of Buffalo" operated by the NFTA and its predecessor agency since 1960, and prior to that by the City of Buffalo. This area includes the Buffalo Port Terminal Building A (which historically was a Ford Motor Company plant) and Terminal Building B at 901 Fuhrmann Boulevard, open storage areas formerly used to store salt, sand, and other bulk commodities, and slips (water inlets) for marine shipping including the Bell Slip, the Seaway (or Municipal Slip), and the Michigan Slip.

In the 1980s, NFTA leased a portion of these lands for a private waterfront restaurant/nightclub called "Shooters" (and later known as "Breakers", and finally "The Pier"); this establishment closed in 2004 and was demolished by NFTA in 2010 as part of implementation of a clean-up remedy for contaminated soils in the fill materials that in part formed the land in this area. This same clean-up effort yielded the first phase of the "Greenbelt" trail network along the Lake Erie shoreline.

Since this time, portions of the Project site in the vicinity of the former location of "The Pier" have been periodically used for concert events and festivals. These activities were conducted under contracts between event promoters and the NFTA, and have involved several large events. Upon the transfer of lands to ECHDC, these agreements were assumed by ECHDC for the summer of 2015.

Surrounding land uses include a mix of conservation and marine uses. While Lake Erie is immediately west of the Project site, immediately north of the site is the Times Beach Nature Preserve, located in an area formerly used as a confined disposal facility (CDF) for USACE, intended for the depositing of dredge spoils from the Buffalo Harbor. North of Times Beach is the U.S. Coast Guard Station. To the south of the Project site is the former Freezer Queen food processing plant (currently being planned for a private

adaptive reuse project) and Buffalo Harbor State Park. Lands to the east of the Project site include two private marina facilities.

In 2004, the City of Buffalo adopted a new Comprehensive Plan. The Comprehensive Plan sets forth broad policy statements for future development, specifically calling out efforts and regulatory policies for the City to "reconnect to its waterfront, improve public access to the lake, rivers and creeks, link neighborhoods to the water's edge, leverage waterfront assets for appropriate economic development, and improve water quality, waterfront lands and habitats in the process." (City of Buffalo 2004).

Under the City's current Zoning Ordinance provisions, the Project site is located within the M-2 General Industrial and M-3 Heavy Industrial zoning districts. These districts permit a range of general manufacturing, storage, and other industrial uses, plus any uses permitted in more restrictive zoning districts (i.e., "R" and "C" districts), with the exception of residential, hospital, and school uses. Passive recreational uses (like those under the Proposed Action) are permitted in the R-2 district, thus these uses would also be permitted in M-2 and M-3 districts. The site is also within the limits of the Buffalo Coastal Special Review District, an overlay district requiring review/approval of new development in the zone by the Buffalo Common Council, as well as special yard/setback provisions for new structures along the waterfront.

The City is currently in the process of drafting/approving the Buffalo Green Code, a complete reissuance of all zoning and other land development regulations into a unified development ordinance, intended to effectuate the broad policies of the Comprehensive Plan, as well as to incorporate performance standards and regulations to help achieve other land use policy documents such as Brownfield Opportunity Areas (BOAs) and the Local Waterfront Revitalization Program (LWRP)—both administered by the New York State Department of State—as well as urban renewal plans, which would be largely replaced by standards in the Green Code. The draft Land Use Plan in the Buffalo Green Code shows the Project site largely devoted to open space and recreational uses (i.e., designated as "D-OG Open Space"), with future development and redevelopment concentrated around the southern portion of the Project site around Port Terminal Buildings A and B (designated as "N-1S Secondary Employment").

The Project site is also within the State of New York-designated Coastal Zone established under Executive Law Article 42, Waterfront Revitalization of Coastal Areas and Inland Waterways, New York State's law to implement the federal Coastal Zone Management Act. New York State establishes 44 policies for development in the coastal zone regarding: encouraging the development in existing ports where infrastructure and public services are adequate; encouraging facilitation of public access for recreational purposes; protecting and revitalizing natural and man-made resources as fish and wildlife habitats, agricultural lands, open space areas, and scenic and historic resources; and protecting natural and man-made features from damage caused by flooding and erosion. The law also establishes a procedure for localities to adopt LWRPs to provide specific guidance in a particular municipality; as noted above, the City of Buffalo has

prepared a draft LWRP as part of the ongoing Green Code process, but it has not yet been formally adopted or approved by the State.

2.1.2 Impacts of the Proposed Action

The Proposed Action would result in positive land use impacts associated with further improving waterfront lands for public access. The Project would represent a natural extension of open space facilities and recreational access provided at Wilkeson Pointe and Times Beach Nature Preserve, as well as serve as a node of activity along the emerging network of waterfront trails and access ways stretching north from Buffalo Harbor State Park to the US Coast Guard Station.

The Proposed Action would be fully consistent with the policies of the City of Buffalo Comprehensive Plan and is permitted under current zoning provisions. Given that the action has been coordinated with the City of Buffalo's ongoing efforts to issue new development regulations, the Project components are consistent with land use recommendations in the current draft of the Buffalo Green Code.

The Proposed Action would also represent the best principles of "smart growth" through its proposed reuse of brownfield property in an urbanized area and would contribute recreational and mixed-use to an emerging pattern of development/redevelopment along the waterfront. In order to avoid any long-term health and safety issues related to past contamination and to preserve the integrity of any past remedial actions on the Project site, ECHDC shall employ protocols or cause protocols to be employed as part of the design of future improvements and/or programming of future activities to ensure the workers, visitors, or users are not subject to any harmful exposure to contaminated materials in on-site soils (see also Section 2.16).

Finally, in advancing further improvements for public access for recreational enjoyment of a former port facility, the Proposed Action would be fully consistent with the State's Coastal Policies. This EAF includes a NYS Coastal Assessment Form indicating that the Project would not exceed all but one threshold triggering a coastal review by the NYS Department of State, specifically a project involving more than five acres of land disturbance within the Coastal Area. The considerations and assessments in this EAF indicate that this land disturbance would not result in adverse impacts to coastal resources and would not impair/infringe upon achievement of any coastal land use policy.

2.2 Impact on Geological Features

The Project site was created through periodic filling events over the last century and contains no unique geological features. A discussion of the implications of the Project related to surface and subsurface soil contamination from these filling events is included under Section 2.16.

2.3 Impacts on Surface Water

2.3.1 Existing Conditions

The proposed Project site is located adjacent to Lake Erie in the Buffalo Outer Harbor. The Niagara River/Lake Erie Basin Waterbody Inventory/Priority Waterbodies List Report was issued in September 2010. In this report the site is considered to be in the North Outer Harbor. The report classifies this area of Lake Erie as a Class B waterbody and the water quality as "impaired". Water quality issues in the Niagara River/Lake Erie Watershed are for the most part associated with past and current industrial activities and remedial actions in the Great Lakes and urban centers in the watershed.

The Project site lands already owned or to be acquired by ECHDC do not contain any state- or federally-regulated wetlands. However, a major state wetland complex (BU-3) exists immediately north of the Project site on the Times Beach Nature Preserve, the planned location for one Project component, a planned Osprey nesting platform.

2.3.2 Impacts of the Proposed Action

The Proposed Action is not anticipated to result in any significant impacts to surface water resources. The potential for water quality issues will be investigated and addressed under the design process for each Project construction component, particularly but not limited to largest anticipated construction effort, the remediation/reuse of the Michigan Pier. These issues would be addressed in State/Federal review process under Sections 401 and 404 of the U.S. Clean Water Act. In addition, if applicable, permits under Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act will also be obtained as determined by USACE and NYSDEC review of a Joint Application submitted for components of this Project.

Since the Project would disturb more than one acre of soil, a State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (SPDES) General Permit for Stormwater Discharges from Construction Activity, GP-0-10-001 would also need to be obtained from NYSDEC. This permit regulates the discharge of stormwater during construction activities in order to help avoid any significant impacts to water quality. As part of this permit, a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) will be developed that is in conformance with New York State requirements for discharge of stormwater from the site during construction.

In addition, the proposed Osprey platform at the Times Beach Nature Preserve would require a State Wetland Permit, together with Section 401 Water Quality Certification, given that nearly the entire preserve is either within a state-regulated wetland complex and its buffer area. ECHDC would work closely with NYSDEC and agencies/institutions that oversee the preserve during the design and permitting process to ensure that the platform is properly sited and that proper protection provisions are incorporated in the specifications for its installation.

2.4 Impact on Groundwater

2.4.1 Existing Conditions

Phase II investigations have been previously performed on properties comprising the Project site. The investigation of the Wilkeson Pointe in 2004 detected no volatile organic compounds (VOCs) or semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs) in the groundwater samples above NYSDEC Groundwater Quality Standards. Metals concentrations that were elevated relative to NYSDEC Groundwater Quality Standards were observed to be ubiquitous in the groundwater and were considered likely attributable to the metals concentrations in the fill material used to create the Project site (LiRo Engineers 2012).

Similar results were found on most of the property at 235-901 Fuhrmann Boulevard, which underwent Phase II investigations from 1991-1996, setting the basis for a 2002 Record of Decision (ROD) by NYSDEC. While these investigations indicated that groundwater samples exhibited low-to-moderate levels of metals including barium and lead, and very low levels of pesticides, all were below NYSDEC Groundwater Quality Standards. These contaminants were attributable to fill materials that were used to create the site over its history and were comparable to general groundwater quality exhibited in the area. They were determined not to be significantly contributing to contaminant loading of Lake Erie (NYSDEC 2002).

The exception to this was at the NFTA "Radio Tower Site" located just north of 901 Fuhrmann Boulevard (see also Section 2.16). Elevated levels of VOCs and SVOCs were found in groundwater wells surrounding the site, with compounds measuring over NYSDEC thresholds at the time including 4-chloroaniline, dichlorobenzene, and naphthalene (NYSDEC 1999). However, NYSDEC's Record of Decision ("ROD") for the remediation of this site indicated that this contamination is localized and that groundwater flow is limited and not readily migrating away from the site or to Lake Erie. Thus, the ultimate remedy that was implemented at the Radio Tower Site was considered fully protective of groundwater resources.

2.4.2 Impacts of the Proposed Action

It is not anticipated that the Project will result in any significant impacts to groundwater resources, nor would it result in any new pathways for migration of contaminated groundwater. Anticipated earth-moving activities are expected to be minor with the exception of remediation activities to be conducted at the Michigan Pier, which is expected to focus primarily on capping the site with clean fill where required. As part of the design process for any Project component involving substantial excavation (e.g., deeper than 10 feet) or involving remediation of soil contamination shall include a full assessment of potential effects to groundwater resources (see also Section 2.16).

2.5 Impact on Flooding

2.5.1 Existing Conditions

Figure 3 depicts 100-year floodplain areas on the Project site, included in Erie County's geographic information system database. These data are derived from the Flood Insurance Study conducted for the City of Buffalo by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). The 100-year flood is the established under the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) as the standard for flood protection. It represents a magnitude/frequency that has a 1% chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year. Stated alternatively, the 100-year flood has roughly a 1-in-4 chance of occurring over the life of a typical 30-year home mortgage (FEMA 2015).

As shown, all of the lands comprising the Times Beach Nature Preserve are in the 100-year floodplain (i.e., Zone AE). On ECHDC-owned lands, the floodplain includes significant portions of:

- Wilkeson Pointe;
- The Michigan and Municipal Piers; and
- Areas around the Bell Slip and a large portion of the lands immediately south of it, including part of the land containing the former NFTA Terminal B.

However, the large majority of the lands to be acquired by ECHDC at 901 Fuhrman Boulevard are located outside the projected 100-year floodplain. No portion of the Project site is within the "floodway", which is defined as the most dangerous flood area corresponding to the channel of a river or stream and the parts of the floodplain adjoining a channel that carries and discharges the flood water or flood flow.

Development in floodplains is regulated under Article 31 of the City of Buffalo Charter. This ordinance is drafted based on a federal model local ordinance for flood damage prevention that meets the required standards and content under the NFIP. New construction or substantial rehabilitation in land areas within Zone AE is not permitted unless it can be demonstrated that it will not cumulatively increase water surface elevation of the base flood more than one foot at any location.

2.5.2 Impacts of the Proposed Action

The Project would not result in any significant short or long term impacts with regard to development within a floodplain. Existing and anticipated uses that would be located in the floodplain would be limited to trails and outdoor recreation areas, which are acceptable uses within a flood-prone area. No new habitable space would be developed in a floodplain as a result of the Proposed Action.



Figure 3Floodplain Map
Buffalo Outer Harbor Access & Activation Civic Project

2.6 Impacts on Air

2.6.1 Existing Conditions

Under the provisions of the Clean Air Act, the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has established standards/criteria for six air contaminants: carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxide, ozone, particulate matter, lead, and sulfur dioxide. The Buffalo-Niagara Falls metropolitan area is classified as an "attainment" area for all standards related to these criteria pollutants. Nevertheless, given that Buffalo is an urbanized setting, air emissions analyses for new development typically assess impacts from both regulated stationary sources (i.e., fixed stacks for boilers, venting for equipment involving primary combustion, etc.) and mobile sources (i.e., induced traffic), for emissions that contribute to elevated ground-level concentrations of carbon monoxide.

2.6.2 Impacts of the Proposed Action

The Project would not result in any significant short- or long-term air quality impacts. It would not involve the establishment of any new regulated stationary sources of air pollutants. In turn, air emissions from site-induced traffic would also not result in any significant changes in concentrations of ground-level carbon monoxide. NYSDOT screening criteria for air quality analyses set forth in its *Environmental Procedures Manual* require detailed analyses only when projected peak-hour intersection levels of service deteriorate from level of service (LOS) "A" or "B" to a level of service "D" or less. Anticipated traffic as a direct result of the Proposed Action would create no peak-hour deterioration in levels of service at intersections surrounding the Project site.

2.7 Impact on Plants and Animals

2.7.1 Existing Conditions

The ECHDC-owned portion of the Project site is a formerly supported industrial uses and does not contain any significant plant or animal resources/habitat. The dominant vegetative communities of the former industrial areas on the Project site consist of a combination of old fields, scrub/shrub lands, and limited early successional deciduous woodland (NYSDOT 2006). Species using the Project area tend to be more tolerant of highly-disturbed urban areas that have relatively high levels of human activities, require small habitats for their life requisites, and/or are highly mobile. Some limited areas on the Project site that have been upgraded to support recreation also serve to support plant/wildlife habitat. For example, the Bell Slip provides habitat for fish, amphibians, and invertebrates, with additional aquatic plantings undertaken as part of the original establishment of the Greenbelt trail. Similarly, establishment of recreational areas at Wilkeson Pointe now contributes to small animal and visiting shore/migratory bird habitat.

According to the US Fish & Wildlife Service's Inventory of Threatened and Endangered Species, no federally-listed species are currently found on the Project site. Non-

endangered wildlife typically found in and around the Project area includes amphibians, snakes, and small mammals.

Lake Erie also provides ample opportunity for fish habitat. Over 40 native species of fish have been observed and inlet areas near the Project site have been identified as important spawning areas for certain fish species including muskellunge.

In addition, at least two areas near the Project site contain significant wildlife resources. Tifft Nature Preserve, located southeast of the Project site, contains a 75-acre cattail marsh, woodlands, and grasslands and is home to a large, growing herd of white tail deer; songbirds, waterfowl and marsh birds; as well as beaver and muskrat. The Times Beach Nature Preserve, located north of the Project site, contains a large, diverse coastal wetland habitat zones: silt flat, marsh, woodlands, and uplands, with 219 species of birds recorded there. In addition, Times Beach and the Outer Harbor overall are considered locally as "gateway features" to the Niagara River Important Bird Area—a "global priority" corridor recognized by the New York Chapter of the Audubon Society—because it hosts a remarkable diversity and abundance of waterfowl and migratory bird species (Audubon Society 2013).

2.7.2 Impacts of the Proposed Action

Overall, the Project is not anticipated to have any significant impacts to plants and animals. Construction of trails, overlooks, signage and visitor hub components are all located on largely disturbed and/or already-paved areas, thus they would result in very limited effects to plant/animal habitat. The largest Project component, the remediation and reuse of the Michigan Pier, would result in temporary displacement of small mammal and bird habitat during the construction period. However, any effects would be temporary, and other sources of habitat and food are available nearby. It can be surmised that species would migrate to Wilkeson Point and Times Beach Nature Preserve where ample space and compatible communities exist.

Soil moving operations at the Michigan Pier would also pose the potential for siltation and sedimentation impacts associated with capping of the area with clean fill. As noted in Section 2.3.2, during the design and permitting of the Michigan Pier remediation/reuse, specifications shall be included regarding the use of best practices to prevent soil erosion and sedimentation of nearby surface waterbodies, and thus fishery resources. These would be regulated through the SPDES permitting process.

Upon completion of this Project component, the Michigan Pier would largely be landscaped and re-vegetated. This would stabilize the site from future erosion and allow for birds and small animal species to re-inhabit the Project site.

2.8 Impact on Agricultural Resources

The Project site does not contain any agricultural resources.

2.9 Impact on Aesthetic Resources

2.9.1 Existing Conditions

There are no unique visual resources on the Project site itself. The Project site could largely be characterized as a former industrial site reverting to a more naturalized site through overgrowth of scrub areas. However, the site provides positive views of Lake Erie to the west, is located amongst several emerging positive visual features along the Lake Erie waterfront (e.g., Times Beach and Tifft Nature Preserves and Buffalo Harbor State Park), and is along the "Great Lakes Seaway Trail", a federally-designated National Scenic Byway.

2.9.2 Impacts of the Proposed Action

The Project would result in positive visual impacts on the Project site and its surrounding area. Proposed improvements to site access, the addition of recreational facilities, and the enhancement of site landscaping features would all positively contribute to the character of the Project site and the waterfront environment in general, as well as further enhancing visual resources along the Great Lakes Seaway Trail.

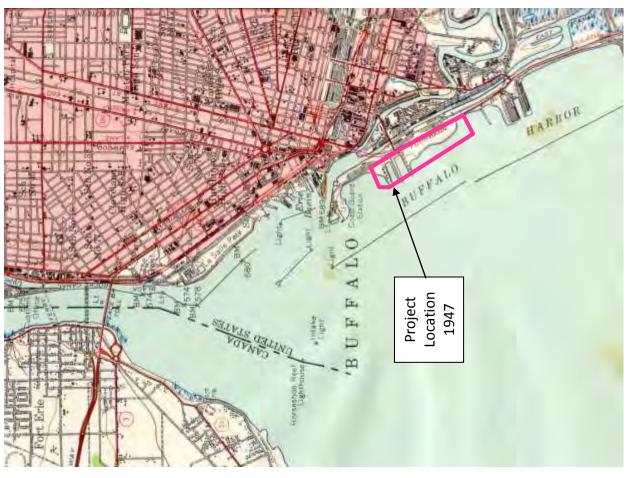
2.10 Impact on Historic and Archaeological Resources

2.10.1 Existing Conditions

The Project site does not contain any resources listed on the State and/or National Registers of Historic Places (S/NRHP), nor is within locally-designated historic district or resource. Structures on the Project site include former Port Terminal Buildings A and B. Terminal Building A was determined to be potentially eligible for inclusion on the S/NRHP as part of the *Design Report/Environmental Impact Statement for the Southtowns Connector/Buffalo Outer Harbor Project* undertaken by NYSDOT.

The Project site is also not located in an area that has been identified as being a source of significant archaeological resources. Review of historic maps of the area indicate that the land comprising the Project site was created through progressive filling operations occurring in the early to mid-20th century; the 1901 USGS map of the area shows the Project site as open water, while the 1947 USGS map shows the Project site partially filled (see **Figure 4**). Thus, it is highly unlikely that the site contains any significant archaeological resources.





175, 225, 235, 275, 461, 525, 575, and 901 Fuhrmann Boulevard
Project Location Overlaid on
1901 & 1947 USGS Buffalo SW Quadrangle Maps

Figure 4

2.10.2 Impacts of the Proposed Action

The Project would result in no significant impacts to historic and archaeological resources. Anticipated recreational/public access improvements would pose no threat to S/NRHP-eligible resources on the Project site, but rather may improve appreciation of these resources. In accordance with Section 14.09 of the New York State Historic Preservation Act, ESD/ECHDC is consulting with the New York State Office of Parks, Recreation, and Historic Preservation on its conclusions regarding the lack of such impacts.

2.11 Impact on Open Space and Recreation

2.11.1 Existing Conditions

The Project site currently contains formal recreational facilities in the form of the on-site Greenbelt trail and recently completed Wilkeson Pointe facilities. It is also located near a number of emerging recreational and open space features along the Outer Harbor waterfront including (from north to south):

- Times Beach Nature Preserve, operated by the Buffalo Museum of Science, created as part of a closed/remediated CDF for dredge spoils once operated by the USACE;
- The recently-established Buffalo Harbor State Park, consisting of boat marina, windsurfing beach, picnic, and fishing pier facilities (formerly operated by the NFTA);
- Several small privately-owned marinas;
- Tifft Nature Preserve, also operated by the Buffalo Museum of Science; and
- Park and recreation improvements around the Union Ship Canal, as part of the redevelopment of the Buffalo Lakeside Commerce Park.

In addition, as part of the Southtowns Connector/Buffalo Outer Harbor Project (completed in 2010 by NYSDOT) Fuhrmann Boulevard was completely reconfigured and reconstructed from a series of one-way expressway frontage roads to a single, two-way waterfront parkway. As part of this reconstruction, an extensive system of multipurpose trails was constructed on land reclaimed from former frontage road rights-of-way, stretching from the Union Ship Canal to the US Coast Guard Station.

2.11.2 Impacts of the Proposed Action

The Project would not remove and/or impair any open space or recreational facility in the vicinity of the Project site, but rather, would represent a further expansion of waterfront access and recreational facilities along the Buffalo Outer Harbor.

2.12 Impact on Critical Environmental Areas

The Project site contains no designated critical environmental areas.

2.13 Impact on Transportation

2.13.1 Existing Conditions

Local road access to the Project site is provided exclusively by Fuhrmann Boulevard; access to the nearest highway facility from Fuhrmann Boulevard is provided to NYS Rte 5 at an interchange just south of Michigan Avenue. Rte 5 provides high-speed access north and south and connects to the interstate system. Traffic is limited along Fuhrmann Boulevard insofar as it terminates north of the Project site at the US Coast Guard Station. Average Annual Daily Traffic (AADT) counts for Fuhrmann Boulevard were last recorded by the Greater Buffalo Niagara Regional Transportation Council (GBNRTC) in 2011, indicating AADTs ranging from only 925 to 1,225 total vehicles across an entire 24-hour-period (compared to an AADT of over 38,000 along the expressway section of NYS Rte 5). In fact, there are no signalized intersections in the vicinity of the Project site given these low traffic levels and these intersections all operate at acceptable levels of service (i.e., LOS "A" to "C").

Under prior NFTA ownership, the Project site has supported a number of large summer concert events, often attracting many thousand attendees. Given that the local roads surrounding the Project are not heavily used nor are major commuting routes, staging of traffic access before and after such events has proven to be very manageable.



Typical summer concert events at the Project site have previously attracted several thousand attendees without significant traffic effects (Photo by Joe Cascio 2012).

A detailed analysis of the traffic and intersection operations along Fuhrmann Boulevard and other local and regional roadways network along the Outer Harbor was conducted as part of the *Final Design Report/Final Environmental Impact Statement for the Southtowns Connector/Buffalo Outer Harbor Project* (NYSDOT 2006). This traffic analysis assumed a 2030 design year (i.e. 20 years after the completion year of 2010) and involved a modeling exercise using the GBNRTC regional traffic forecasting model. Projected traffic impacts were developed for a future scenario involving a significant level of new development along the Outer Harbor by the 2030 Design Year. Selected alignments for Fuhrmann Boulevard were designed to accommodate projected 2030 traffic levels at acceptable levels of service.

2.13.2 Impacts of the Proposed Action

The Project would result in no significant impacts to traffic operations in and around the Buffalo Outer Harbor. As noted above, the reconstruction of Fuhrmann Boulevard in 2010 as part of the Southtowns Connector/Buffalo Outer Harbor Project was projected to result in no significant traffic impacts through 2030 under a future development scenario involving significant levels of new development along the Outer Harbor waterfront. These development thresholds and associated traffic levels have not yet been realized, nor would they be realized as a result of activities under the Proposed Action.

Further, traffic associated with event programming and other activities on the Project site are not anticipated to generate any significant traffic impacts. Prior large concert events have demonstrated the local road and parking areas have sufficient capacity to stage such periodic activities. In turn, traffic generated by daily/weekend recreational programing tends to be much less than periodic large concert events, is more distributed across an entire day, and tends to occur in off-peak periods.

2.14 Impact on Energy

The Project would have no significant impacts to the use and management of energy resources.

2.15 Impact on Noise, Odor, and Light

2.15.1 Existing Conditions

The Project site does not contain any major sources of noise, odors, or light.

2.15.2 Impacts of the Proposed Action

The Project would not result in any significant impacts with regard to noise, odors, or glare, such as that associated with landfills, selected agricultural uses, or heavy manufacturing facilities. With regard to lighting, the Project would involve the installation of limited electrical power and site lighting facilities to serve security and public safety needs. These additional light sources are not anticipated to result in any adverse impacts to on-site or adjoining areas. During the design phase of the various Project components, site designers will employ best practices to avoid any adverse effects, including implementing operational practices related to the Governor's "Lights Out New York" Initiative, which limits non-essential outdoor lighting from 11:00 PM to dawn from April 15 through May 31, and August 15 through November 15, the spring and autumn seasonal periods of peak bird migration (Palus 2015).

2.16 Impact on Human Health

This section relates to soil contamination issues and remedies that have occurred at the Project site, its implications on the Proposed Action, and future measures to continue to prevent any long-term exposure by visitors and users of the Project site.

2.16.1 Existing Conditions

2.16.1.1 History of Filling Events and Site Uses

As late as the turn of the 20th century, a great deal of the Lake Erie shoreline in the Project area was actually located east of Fuhrmann Boulevard, aligning with the present-day location of NYS Route 5 (where a seawall was located) and the Project site consisted of underwater lands. Beginning in the late 19th century, when the Outer Harbor breakwall was completed (located in the lake several hundred yards west of the

Project area) a succession of filling events occurred to progressively create the subject land area that is there today. These fill events included, but were not limited to (NYSDOT 2006):

- Construction of various rail line and sidings, 1890-1925;
- Landfilling and construction of shipbuilding facilities in current location of Wilkeson Pointe, 1925;
- Construction of the Michigan Avenue Pier and Municipal Pier (AKA "Seaway Piers") in 1926-1927;
- Construction of the NFTA Buffalo Port Terminal Building A and pier (first occupied by as a Ford Motor Company assembly plant) in 1931;
- Landfilling at the foot of Michigan Avenue 1927-1935;
- General municipal landfilling (incinerator ash and unconsolidated debris), 1935-1960;
- Construction of Buffalo Skyway complex (NYS Route 5), 1957; and
- Dredge filling and along the northern portion of the Project area and at Times Beach, 1960-1975.

These filling events over the history of the Project area were predominantly undertaken to facilitate heavy industrial uses like auto assembly/parts manufacture and port uses such as bulk storage/shipping of materials used in local steelmaking and coke operations. With the closing of the region's two largest steel plants in the early 1980s, bulk tonnage stored at the Port of Buffalo significantly declined and by the 1990s the Port was relocated to facilities two miles south at the former Bethlehem Steel complex in Lackawanna.

2.16.1.2 Past Site Investigations and Remedies

Given its extensive industrial legacy, various areas of the Outer Harbor have been the subject of past environmental investigations and analyses of contamination directly and indirectly created by these uses. Summaries of the conclusions and implications of these past studies are presented in the following sections.

<u>Times Beach</u>

After binational regulations were adopted that prohibited disposing of Buffalo River sediments in the open waters of Lake Erie (i.e., because of contamination in such sediments), in 1971 the USACE constructed the Times Beach CDF for disposing of spoils from periodic dredging of the Buffalo River shipping channel. Continual deposition of dredge spoils there created 46 acres of both aquatic and terrestrial habitat. At the request of the Buffalo Ornithological Society, in 1976 USACE closed the Times Beach CDF; in 1991, it was designated as a nature preserve.

Although polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) and elevated concentrations of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) and metals have been found in sediments disposed at

Times Beach, the environment created there proved attractive and supportive to many wetland plant and wildlife species and migratory birds. In fact, because the habitat at the now-designated nature preserve is so well developed, it has been used as a laboratory for long-term studies of bioaccumulation of contaminants by aquatic and terrestrial plants/animals and effects on such organisms (USACE 2003; Industrial Economics, Inc. 2011).

Wilkeson Pointe (175 & 225 Fuhrmann Boulevard)

After acquiring the parcels comprising Wilkeson Pointe, ECHDC commissioned Phase I/II Environmental Site Assessments in 2008 and 2011 to fully ascertain possible contamination in that area (ECHDC 2012). Soil sampling results showed widespread contamination with SVOCs and metals. No VOCs, pesticides, herbicides and PCBs were detected above NYSDEC-established thresholds. Further, there was no evidence of any underground storage tanks (USTs) or soil contamination typical of leaking USTs. Based on these observations, the contamination was determined to be attributable to the characteristics of the fill material used to create the site. These studies indicated that while the site exhibited contamination, they did not indicate substances or levels that would render the site to be classified as "hazardous" under state or federal regulations.

The site was remediated in 2012 through a capping of the site using approved capping material and a geotextile fabric to provide a physical separation between the existing site material and the cap material. The cap extends to the shoreline where stone was used to protect the site from erosion and provide a barrier to contact by users of the shoreline (ECHDC 2008; 2012).

Michigan Pier

The Michigan Avenue Pier was constructed in 1926-1927, occupying approximately eight acres. The site is reportedly filled with dredge material from Lake Erie, demolition debris and miscellaneous refuse. Phase I and Phase II Environmental Site Assessment (ESAs) were conducted by NYSDEC in 1987 and an additional Phase II ESA was performed by NFTA. Supplemental studies were also conducted in 1991. These studies indicated that certain soil samples on the site exhibited elevated concentrations of metals (cadmium, copper, lead, and mercury) and VOCs (URS 2012). Similar to Wilkeson Pointe, the Michigan Pier's soils are classified as contaminated, but not hazardous under state/federal guidance and laws.

NFTA Port of Buffalo Lands

Beginning in 1987, state/local agencies have worked to investigate and address soil conditions on this portion of the Project site; for example, NFTA has conducted a host of site assessments, soils testing/borings, and remedial investigations/feasibility (RI/FS) studies to develop options for site clean-up of its former Port of Buffalo lands. The most extensive and comprehensive investigation was an RI/FS conducted in 1995 by Dvirka and Bartilucci, which involved collection of a total of 122 surface soil samples² on a

² Insofar as the types of proposed construction and future programming activities would generally require limited excavation, for purposes of length the information presented focuses upon surface soils.

roughly 100-by-100-foot grid. The results of these surface soil samples were compared against NYSDEC-established thresholds. Patterns of site contamination are summarized as follows (URS 2012):

- North of Bell Slip 14 of 78 samples contain SVOCs at elevated concentrations. The SVOCs consist of carcinogenic PAHs (cPAHs), primarily Benzo(a)pyrene alone, and occasionally Dibenz(a,h)anthracene. The majority of the exceedances are concentrated in about a 400-600-foot wide band extending from the southeast corner of the parking lot of the former Pier Restaurant to the midpoint of the Greenbelt along the shoreline. Three of the 78 samples contain one or more elevated concentrations of metals, including arsenic, copper, cyanide, and mercury. These exceedances occur generally in the same band as the SVOCs. Typically, there are only one or two elevated levels of metals at a particular sampling location.
- South of Bell Slip 18 of 58 surface soil samples contain SVOCs at elevated concentrations. The SVOCs consist primarily of cPAHs including Benzo(a)anthracene, Benzo(a)pyrene, Benzo(b)fluoranthene, Dibenz(a,h)anthracene, and Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene.

Two Records of Decision (RODs) were issued by NYSDEC in 1999 and 2002 regarding this portion of the Project site:

- A 1999 ROD for the Buffalo Outer Harbor "Radio Tower Site" (i.e., NYSDEC Site No. 915026 located in a small portion of the "South of the Bell Slip" area immediately north of the paved portions of 901 Fuhrmann Boulevard), which had stipulations for a full clean-up and de-listing of this NYS-listed Inactive Hazardous Waste Site (AKA State Superfund Site), which is now fully completed (NYSDEC 1999); and
- A 2002 ROD for the "Buffalo Outer Harbor Brownfield Site" (i.e. NYSDEC Site No. B00149, comprising all former NFTA Port of Buffalo lands other than the "Radio Tower Site"), at which soils would be classified as contaminated, but not hazardous. This ROD involved a remedy consisting of installing a soil/geotextile cap and riprap stabilization along the Outer Harbor shoreline (i.e., in the area used to create the current "Greenbelt" trail loop) to prevent migration of soils into Lake Erie. This was completed in 2010. The 2002 ROD also called for implementation of a "use-based" strategy for the balance of the area, citing necessary future remedial actions coinciding with various types of future land development (e.g., residential, commercial) to prevent/block possible exposure pathways to site contaminants. For example, land uses associated periodic visitation to the site (e.g., commercial and institutional development) could require a soil cap of one foot of clean fill; whereas detached single-family housing might require a deeper soil cap or removal of soils for off-site disposal (NYSDEC 2002).

Extensive analyses of subsurface soils has also been conducted and indicated similar characterizations of soils exhibiting contamination, but not to level classified as hazardous under State/Federal regulations.

2.16.1.3 Recent Human Health Assessments

In 2012, NFTA and ECHDC commissioned URS Corporation (URS) to conduct a Limited Human Health Exposure Assessment to determine what level of risk recreational visitors and users of Buffalo Outer Harbor lands (i.e., the Project site, as well as lands now comprising Buffalo Harbor State Park). At the time of the assessment, access to portions of the Project site was restricted and it was largely not utilized for any form of passive recreational uses. Understanding that past contamination of the Project site did not pose any acute (i.e., immediate/short-term) risk to human health, NFTA and ECHDC wished the assessment to ascertain the level of risk associated with long-term exposure associated with programming and recreational activities from contamination known to be present in soil/fill materials used to create these properties (URS 2012).

URS compiled and comprehensively assessed all past reports and data collected at Outer Harbor properties and assessed the human health implications of using the Project site for a variety of passive recreational uses including, but are not limited to:

- Bicycling and hiking
- Beach activities
- Outdoor events (movies, concerts, etc.)
- Art displays
- Rental concessions for boats, canoes, etc.

In conducting their assessment, URS used the most-recent soil cleanup objectives (SCOs), promulgated by NYSDEC in 2006 for soil remediation projects. These SCOs were developed to protect long-term public health based on the intended future use of a site. The intended use categories include "unrestricted", "residential", "restricted residential", "commercial", and "industrial" use. The proposed use of the site for passive recreational purposes would generally fall in the "restricted residential" and/or "commercial" use categories. In accordance with regulations governing SCOs at 6NYCRRPart 375 1.8(g)(2), recreational uses assessed as part of this assessment correlated with SCO categories as follows:

- Those activities that potentially involve a reasonable potential for contact with onsite soils (e.g., beach activities, picnicking, soccer, baseball, etc.) would fall under the "restricted residential" use category; and
- Those passive recreational uses that only involve limited potential for contact with onsite soils (e.g., walking, hiking, concerts, etc.) would fall under the "commercial use" category.

URS stated that typical "exposure pathways"—the typical ways a person can come into contact with contaminated soils—for the anticipated recreation users groups at the Project site would include the following (URS 2012):

 Exposure via dermal contact is considered a potentially complete exposure pathway for recreational site users and site redevelopment and/or maintenance workers.

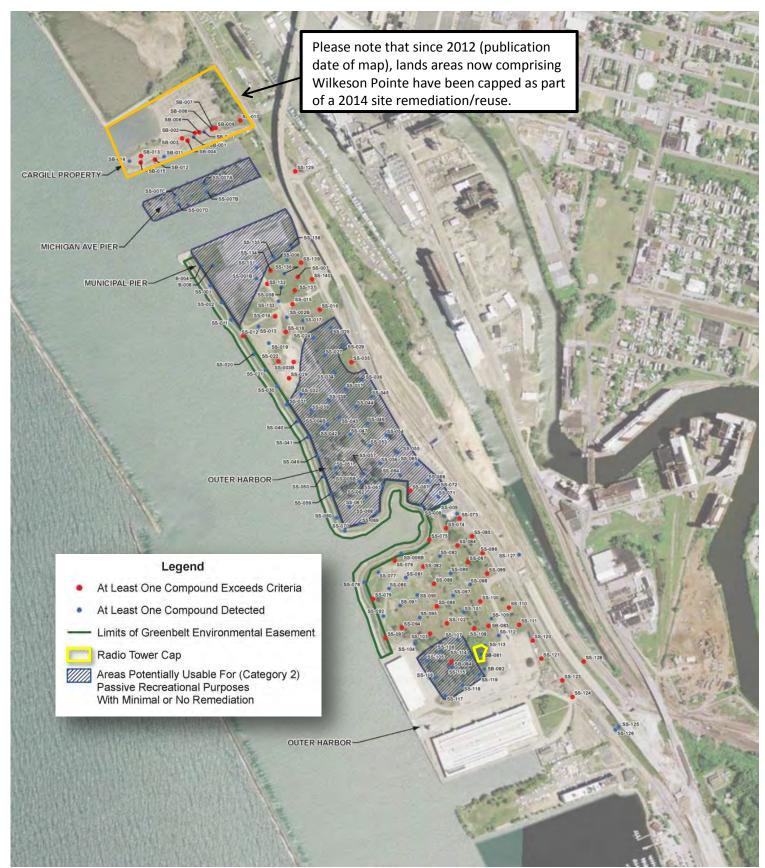
- Exposure via ingestion is considered a potentially complete exposure pathway for recreational site users and site redevelopment/maintenance workers.
- Exposure via inhalation of fugitive dust is considered a potentially complete exposure pathway for recreational site users, and site redevelopment/maintenance workers. Nearby workers and users of the Greenbelt also could potentially be exposed; however, URS stated that this potential pathway is extremely limited in that the majority of the site is covered with vegetation which will limit dust formation. Also, the relatively short time of exposure and low contaminant concentration for any offsite exposure scenarios would likely be very low.

URS noted that the type and concentrations of contaminants on the Project site varies from area to area and with location within the soil column. URS stated that these contaminants present a potential risk of long-term exposure to recreational users, primarily from dermal contact, ingestion and inhalation of the surface soil/fill materials. Figures 5 and 6 summarize URS's findings with regard to exposure risk for recreational uses classified as "restrictive residential" use SCOs and "commercial" use SCOs, respectively. Those portions of the Project site that show exceedances of the SCOs (i.e. represented by the red dots) would represent potential exposure risk areas as identified and would need to be further evaluated and/or mitigated accordingly prior to land redevelopment and/or reuse for passive recreational purposes (URS 2012). As noted on these figures, the URS assessment pre-dated the remediation actions that created Wilkeson Pointe; thus, exposure risks in this area have since been addressed.

URS noted that some rather large portions of the Project site do not show any exceedances of SCOs (i.e. represented by the blue dots) for either "restricted residential" and/or "commercial" uses. As such, URS stated that these areas should be suitable "as-is" for passive recreational uses without implementation of any specific mitigation measures (URS 2012).



Source: URS 2012



Source: URS 2012

Figure 6

Potentially Usable Areas Using "Commercial" Soil Cleanup Objectives (i.e., As Criteria for Permitting Future Activities with a Limited Potential for Contact with On-site Soils [walking, hiking, concerts, etc.])

2.16.2 Impacts of the Proposed Action

The Project would not result in any significant impacts with regard to adverse effects to human health related to exposure to on-site soils, in consideration of the amount of information garnered thus far regarding on-site risks and the fact that ECHDC shall employ future protocols to ensure that users/workers associated with various Project components and programming activities are properly protected. These would include the following:

- ECHDC shall undertake evaluations/documentation of any proposed construction and/or programming activities not already being conducted in areas deemed to be low-risk under the 2012 URS report (e.g., on-site concerts, hiking/activities along Greenbelt cap, etc.) to confirm that the design of the facility and/or the conduct of the programming activity would not inordinately expose future users/workers from contaminated soils via dermal contact, ingestion and inhalation. Such evaluations shall be conducted by a qualified environmental engineer or environmental scientist specializing in site remediation and/or human health risk assessment.
- ECHDC shall ensure that the remediation/reuse design of the Michigan Pier includes a full environmental engineering evaluation regarding soil contamination and any necessary capping to prevent long-term exposure, preventing any groundwater contamination/migration issues, and measures to prevent soil erosion and sedimentation (both during construction and in long-term operation), as well as incorporate any necessary health/safety protocols into the contract specifications to ensure construction workers are not inordinately exposed to soil contaminants. Given the scale of the effort, ECHDC shall conduct a public session(s) during the design process to outline findings of any soil testing/evaluations and proposed remediation measures, as well as plans for other site improvements.
- With regard to on-going operations, ECHDC shall ensure that maintenance/operations workers on the Project site employ proper work protocols to ensure health/safety, including (as warranted) use of personal protection equipment (PPE), dust control measures, and are provided proper worker training on good hygiene and work practices.

2.16.2.1 Evaluation of Specific Project Components

In specifically applying these overall protocols to components of the Proposed Action, anticipated effects and considerations related to human health are summarized in the following sections.

Transfer of 901 Fuhrmann Boulevard to ECHDC

This Project component would have no human health implications. The transfer of the property would be done in "as is" condition and the Proposed Action would not involve any reuse of the Port Terminal Buildings A and B. It is anticipated that prior any proposed reuse that ECHDC would commission appropriate building condition

assessments, asbestos surveys, and/or Phase I ESAs, as warranted, ascertaining any issues regarding contamination, abatement needs, and/or public safety.

Visitor Center/Hub

Given that this Project component would involve the installation of a modular frame shelter and other surface amenities likely to be sited near existing paved parking in an area where soils do not exceed SCOs, it is not anticipated that any significant human health issues would arise. Environmental evaluations during design would likely center upon any necessary subsurface trenching to provide electrical power, and thus any potential exposure issues for site workers.

Southern Greenbelt Extension

This Project component would largely involve shallow excavation of already paved areas to install an extension of the Greenbelt trail along the water's edge at 901 Fuhrmann Boulevard, thus it is not anticipated to result in any significant exposure to contaminated soils. Nevertheless, as part of the design process, ECHDC will ensure that site borings will include soil samples/evaluation for contamination, and take any appropriate measures in the construction specifications.

Michigan Pier Remediation/Reuse

By its definition, this Project component involves a site cleanup and capping, as necessary, to permit improvements for recreational facilities. Thus it would proceed through a design process similar to that employed for the Wilkeson Pointe site and involve soil testing/evaluation, remedial design, and public disclosure activities noted above.

<u>Overlooks</u>

In consideration that this Project component would involve surface improvements along the already-capped Greenbelt, it is not anticipated to result in any adverse human health effects. During design, particular attention will be made to ensure that any improvements will not impact the integrity of the Greenbelt remedy.

Signage System

Installation of the proposed signage system would largely be located along public rights of way outside of contaminated areas and involve very limited site disturbance. Thus it is not expected to result in any human health issues.

Osprey Nesting Structure

In consideration that the Times Beach Nature Preserve contains contaminated sediments and that this Project component would require state/federal wetlands and water quality permitting, it is anticipated that issues regarding contamination during the design/installation process would center on employing proper siting and installation measures to ensure worker safety and to prevent any impacts regarding siltation or sediment impacts to existing wetland complexes.

Mountain Bike Facilities

Given that it is anticipated that this Project component would be sited in areas where soils samples indicate that they do not exceed SCOs, it is not anticipated that it will result in any significant human health impacts. However, given the limitations on soil data cited in the 2012 Limited Human Health Risk Assessment and that this would involve a new activity, ECHDC will undertake an evaluation of soil contamination issues of the proposed trail route once it is finalized, take any appropriate measures to ensure human health and safety, and make any findings available for public review.

2.17 Consistency with Community Plans

As noted in Section 2.1.2, the Proposed Action would be fully consistent with Community Plan policies including the Buffalo Comprehensive Plan, Buffalo Zoning Ordinance, and Draft Buffalo Green Code, as well as New York State policies for uses with the coastal zone.

2.18 Consistency with Community Character

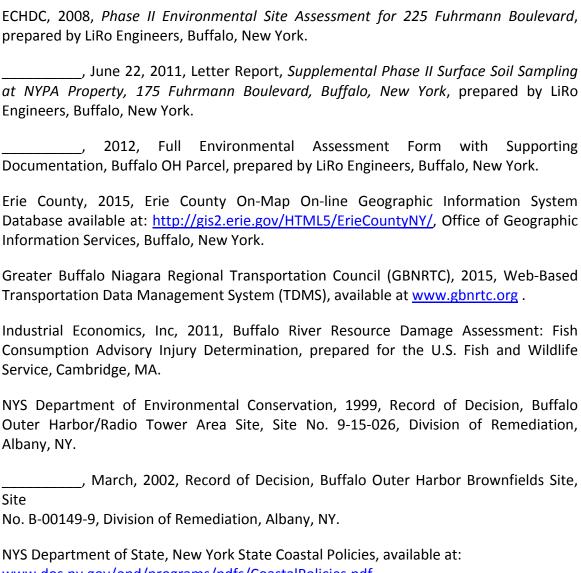
The Project would positively contribute to the growth and character of the neighborhood and the community as a whole, by further rehabilitating and re-purposing a brownfield area, add to the growing network of public access and amenities along the Outer Harbor waterfront, and serve to help bridge/link already completed improvements.

2.19 Secondary, Indirect, and Cumulative Effects of the Proposed Action

The Project may indirectly result in positive impacts related to encouraging new waterfront development in the future. The Proposed Action however, does not specifically commit ECHDC, ESD, the City of Buffalo, or any other agency to any future project in the vicinity of the Project site. Any subsequent development activities would be subject to SEQRA review.

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